

November 2014

MOSCOW EXCHANGE

Investor presentation



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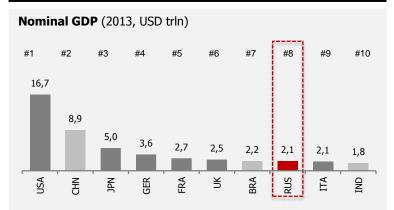
Well-positioned attractive investment opportunity

- Successful track record of changes
- 3
- Strong operating and financial results

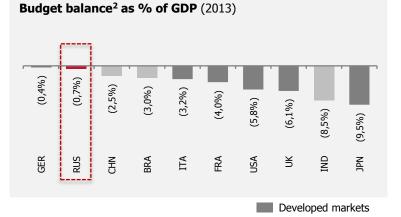


Russian capital market has significant potential

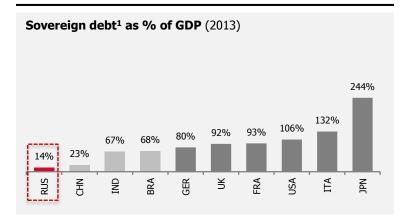
Large economy (#8 globally)...



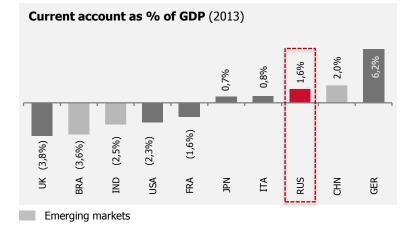
...strong fiscal policy...



...with low government leverage...



... and current account ratio





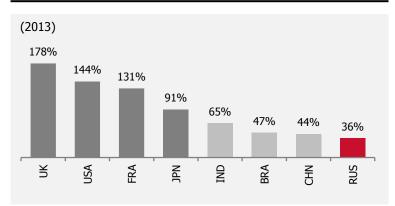
Source: Nominal GDP, Sovereign debt as % of GDP, Current account as % of GDP – IMF; Budget balance – Economist Intelligence Unit

2 Central government receipts minus central government outlays, as a percentage of GDP

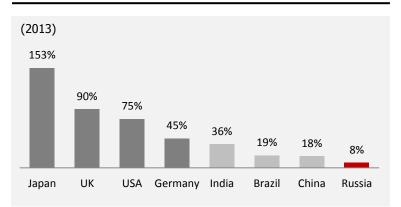
¹ Total gross debt (both local and foreign currency) owed by government to domestic residents, foreign nationals and multilateral institutions such as the IMF, expressed as a percentage of GDP

Relative underpenetration leaves growth opportunities on all markets





Corporate debt to GDP

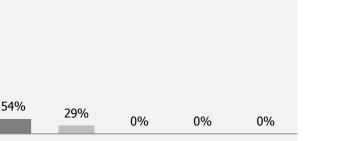


Interest rate derivatives open position to GDP (2013)379%

Brazil

India

Developed markets



China

Comments

- Russian capital and derivatives markets has significant upside potential both on supply and demand points of view:
 - Relatively low share of equity and debt market capitalisation to GDP
 - Potential in growth in interest rate derivatives due to market development and the CBR policy



Germany

USA

Source: SCIB, Moscow Exchange, BIS, Rosstat

Russia

1 - Market capitalisation for the USA is the sum of NASDAQ and NYSE market capitalisations, for China – the sum of Shanghai and Shenzhen market capitalisations, for India – BSE market capitalisation, for Brazil – BM&FBovespa market capitalisation, for Russia – Moscow Exchange market capitalisation, for France – NYSE Euronext Europe market capitalisation, for UK – LSE market capitalisation (including Borsa Italiana market capitalisation)

Emerging markets

Moscow Exchange is the **major exchange in Russia and a leading exchange globally**

One of the largest in fixed income (Jan — Aug 2014) ¹					Top 7 in deriv	
Rank	Exchange	Country	Trading vol. (USD bln)		Rank	Exchan
1	BME Spanish Exchanges	Spain	7 089	\checkmark	1	CME
2	Moscow Exchange	Russia	2 685	\checkmark	2	Deutsche
3	LSE	UK	2 142	×	3	NSE India
4	NASDAQ OMX	USA (Europe)	1 424	\checkmark	4	ICE – NY
5	Johannesburg SE	South Africa	1 189	\checkmark	5	CBOE
6	Korea Exchange	Korea	842	×	6	BM&FBO
7	Colombia SE	Colombia	468	×	7	Moscow
8	Oslo Børs	Norway	453	\checkmark	8	NASDAQ
9	Borsa Istanbul	Turkey	210	\checkmark	9	Dalian Co
10	GreTai Securities Market	Taiwan	191	\checkmark	10	Shanghai

Top 7	Top 7 in derivatives (Jan – Aug 2014) – WFE ranking				
Rank	Exchange	Country	Contracts traded (mln)		
1	CME	USA	2 172		
2	Deutsche Börse	Germany	1 376		
3	NSE India	India	1 099		
4	ICE – NYSE ³	USA	1 063		
5	CBOE	USA	855		
6	BM&FBOVESPA	Brazil	825		
7	Moscow Exchange	Russia	813		
8	NASDAQ OMX ³	USA	744		
9	Dalian Commodity Exchange	China	489		
10	Shanghai Futures Exchange	China	447		

Top 2	Top 21 in equities (Jan – Aug 2014) ²				Top 1	4 public exchanges by	y market capitali:	zation ⁵	
Rank	Exchange	Country	Mkt Cap Se (USD bln)	curities listed	Trading vol. (USD bln)	Rank	Exchange	Country	Mkt Cap (USD bln)
1	ICE&NYSE ³	USA	19 278	2 428	9 981	1	CME	USA	28.8
-						2	HKEx	Hong Kong	26.5
2	NASDAQ OMX ³	USA	8 075	3 513	8 259	3	ICE – NYSE	USA	24.6
3	Japan Exchange Group	Japan	4 572	3 433	3 590	4	Deutsche Börse	Germany	13.2
4	London SE Group	UK	4 439	2 761	1 846	5	LSE Group	UK	11.2
5	Euronext	Europe	3 647	1 066	1 295	6	BM&FBovespa	Brazil	7.4
6	Hong Kong Exchanges	Hong Kong	3 353	1 716	959	7	NASDAQ OMX	USA	7.4
7	Shanghai SE	China	2 659	969	2 339	8	Japan Exchange	Japan	7.3
8	TMX Group	Canada	2 364	3 775	885	9	ASX	Australia	6.2
-	[10	Dubai Financial	Dubai	5.9
9	Deutsche Börse	Germany	1 790	689	984	11	SGX	Singapore	5.8
10	Shenzhen SE	China	1 715	1 589	3 011	12	CBOE holdings	USA	5.2
						13	BME	Spain	3.2
21	Moscow Exchange	Russia	619	266	178	14	Moscow Exchange	Russia	2.9

Source: Moscow Exchange, WFE, Bloomberg

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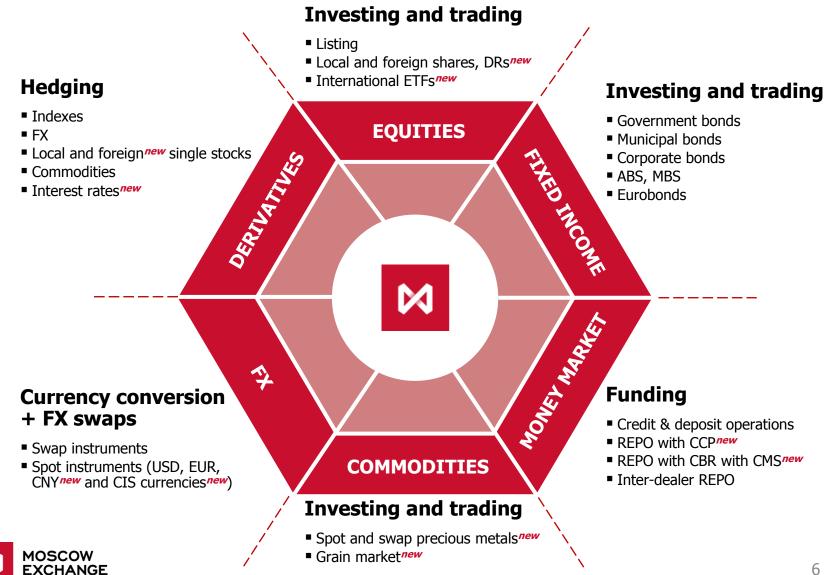
1 Due to different methodologies applied, data on fixed income trading may not be directly comparable among exchanges

2 Top equity trading exchanges are ranked by market capitalisation of public companies traded on the exchange

3 Includes both US and European market volumes and capitalization for equities market; both US and European market volumes for derivatives market 4 Includes both Tokyo and Osaka exchanges trading volumes

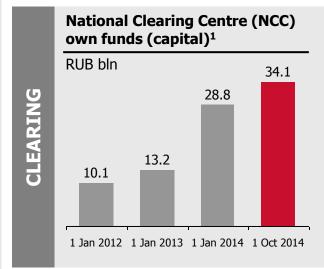
5 Market capitalization of public exchanges based on Bloomberg data as of November 07, 2014

Highly diversified product offering



...coupled with strong post-trade infrastructure

Post-Trade Excellence: CCP and CSD

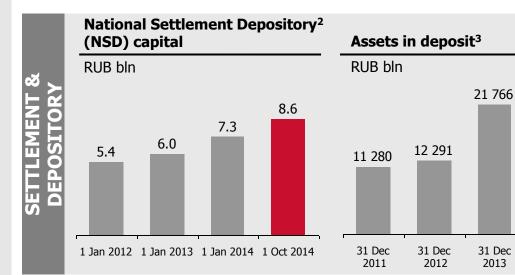


ADTV (Jan – Oct 2014)				
RUB bln				
FX	877.1			
Derivatives	214.9			
REPO with CCP	91.5			
Equities	39.6			
Fixed income	39.2			
Commodities	0.05			
OTC derivatives	0.01			

CCD cleared value based or

Comments

- Well-capitalized NCC (Fitch rating BBB) as CCP for all asset classes
- Bank of Russia qualified CCP status
- Centralized clearing of OTC derivatives



Comments

23 428

31 Oct

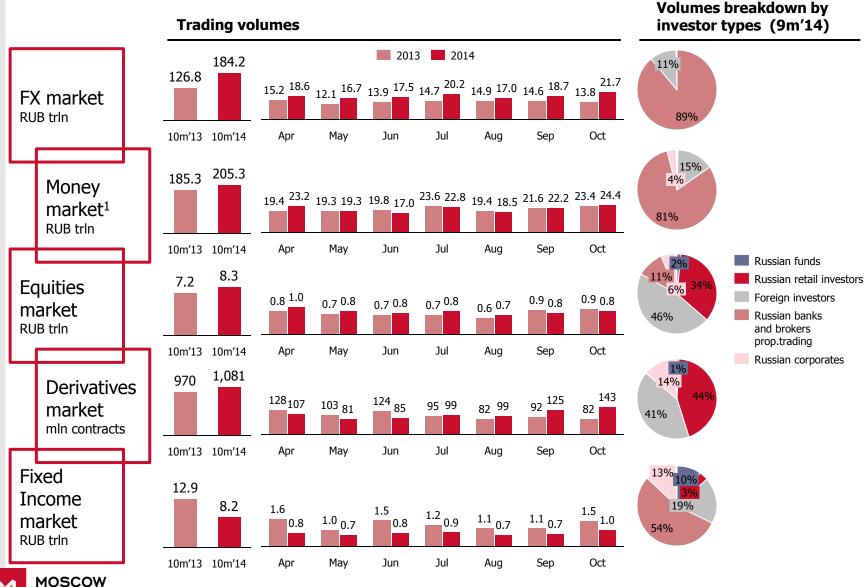
2014

- Safekeeping and settlement services
- Collateral management services for REPO transactions
- Repository for OTC trades
- Links to ICSDs for Russian bonds and equities
- AA- rating by Thomas Murray⁴



- Source: Moscow Exchange operational information
- 1 Figures in accordance with Russian Accounting Standards as reported to and disclosed by the CBR on a monthly basis
- 2 Russian Central Securities Depository
- 3 Assets in deposits based on Company' operational data
- 4 Thomas Murray leading global agency for depository services

Diversified customer base driven by domestic investors

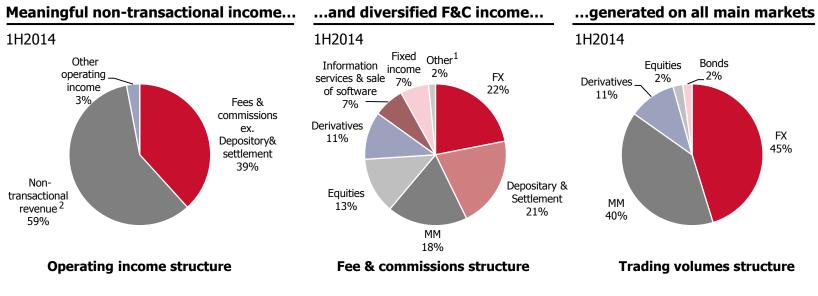


EXCHANGE Markets

Markets are sorted by their share in fee&commission income

1 trading volumes including REPO with CMS in NSD. Investor structure based on on-exchange trading volumes only

Strong **non-transactional revenue** based on post-trade services and diversified fee and commission income



Comments

- Thanks to the established post-trade infrastructure Moscow Exchange has ~59% of non-transactional revenue, mainly in form of interest income, as well as depository services, IT services and sale of software and technologies
- Fee & commission income is well-diversified with the largest contribution of 22% by FX market, followed by Depositary & Settlement services (21%), Money market (18%) and Equities (13%)

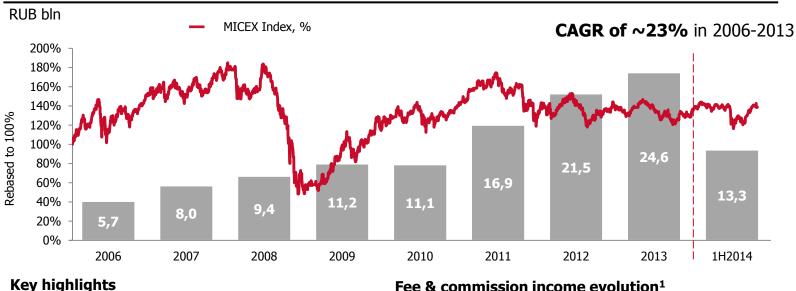


Includes other income related to securities market

2 Includes interest and other finance income, settlement and depository services, sale of software and technologies and IT services

Moscow Exchange has a proven and cycle-protected business model





- 2011 merger of MICEX with RTS
- 2012 Central Securities Depository launch
- 2013 migration to T+2
- 2013-2014 Furoclear and Clearstream settlement services for Russian sovereign, corporate bonds and equities





■ Equities+Bonds² ■ Derivatives ■ FX & MM ■ Depositary & settlement ■ Other³



- According to Moscow Exchange IFRS financial statement
- RTS data is consolidated from June 29, 2011 1
- 2 Include other income related to securities market in 2011-1H2014
- 3 Include income from Information services & sale of software and other fee&commission income in 2011-1H2014

SPO of the CBR stake in MOEX highlights

Key information

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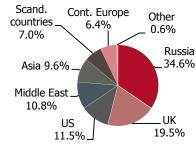
July 2014

Se	econdary public offerin	ng (SPO) of the CBR	share in MOEX in form of AB	B1

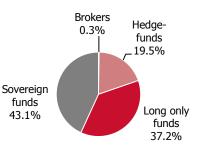
Deal amount: RUB 16 bln (USD 469 mln)

The bookbuilding period	The book has been opened: July 1st at 7pm The book has been closed: July 2nd before trading hours
The Seller	The Central Bank of Russia
The transaction form	100% secondary offering in form of ABB ¹
Issuer	OJSC «Moscow Exchange MICEX-RTS»
Security	Ordinary shares
Trading venue	Moscow Exchange
Demand	The book was multiple times oversubscribed
Price	60 RUB per share
Discount vs market	7.8% (Last day close price RUB 65.05)
Lock-up period	180 days
Global coordinators	J.P. Morgan, Goldman Sachs, Sberbank CIB, VTB Capital
Global bookrunners	Citi and Gazprombank

Distribution by geography



Distribution by investors



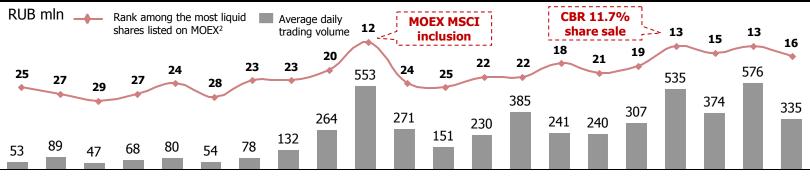
Highlights

- The largest Russian SPO since spring 2013
- The first public equity offering of local shares only in 2014, which was priced with lower than average discount despite the material deal size (63x 3-month ADTV)
- The book was multiple times oversubscribed and dominated by high-quality sovereign wealth funds and long only funds



One of the highest free-floats among Russian issuers

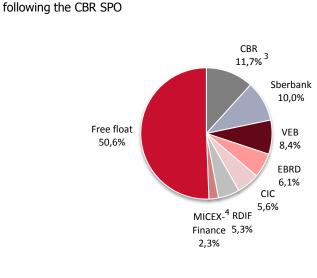
Growing ADTV of MOEX shares¹



02.13 03.13 04.13 05.13 06.13 07.13 08.13 09.13 10.13 11.13 12.13 01.14 02.14 03.14 04.14 05.14 06.14 07.14 08.14 09.14 10.14

Dispersed ownership with no controlling shareholder...

as of May 12, 2014, including shareholders' regulatory disclosure



...and one of the highest free-floats in Russia⁵



- 1 Trading volume in main trading mode (T0, T+2)
- 2 Ordinary and preferred shares
- 3 1.4% of shares held by the CBR as a result of repo transactions are included in the free-float
- 4 100% owned subsidiary of the Moscow Exchange
- 5 Top 20 companies by market capitalisation from MICEX Index

On the right track: changes of the regulatory framework

Sierci

- The law on Central Securities
 Depository (CSD) N414-FZ dated
 07.12.2011:
 - Reduced stakeholders risks and removed the key barrier for trading in Russian local shares
- Amendments to the law "On Clearing and clearing activities" N 7-FZ dated 07.02.2011:
 - Allowed to create united CCP for all MOEX markets
- Changes in the "Tax Code":
 - Removed barriers for Euroclear µ Clearstream operations with securities
- Changes in the law "On securities market":
 - Simplified securities issuance
 - Shaped regulation on general meeting of bondholders
 - Improved regulation on securitization of financial assets

- The CBR letter No 06-52/2463 "On the Corporate Governance Code" dated 10.04.2014:
 - Established new corporate governance standards linked with the new listing law

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

NEW INSTRUMENTS

- Amendments to the FSFM Order No 13-63/pz-n dated 30.07.2013:
 - Eased criteria for foreign ETFs to be admitted to trading on the exchange

- Changes in the "Tax Code":
 - Created tax incentives for individual investors:
 - A concept of individual investment accounts with favorable tax conditions
 - Tax exemptions for securities held more than 3 years

- The FSFM Order No 13-62/pz-n "On the admission of securities to organized trading" dated 30.07.2013:
- Established a new listing structure
- Specified new listing criteria for issuers linked to a new Corporate Governance Code



Key growth areas for 2014 and beyond

Equities	Fixed Income	Derivatives		
 Lifting restrictions on cross-agency trades Opening Auction Optimization the Intraday Clearing Session schedule and settlement 	 OFZ migration to T+1 settlement Block trading in OFZs Local corporate bonds denominated in foreign currencies Simplification of issuing procedures to speed up placements 	 New FX futures Dividend futures Weekly options Interest rate derivatives 		
FX	Money Market	Post-trade servicesDevelopment of technology for		

FX	Money Market	Post-trade services
 New currency pairs Additional protection of clients assets: portability and segregation 	 FX REPO with CBR Collateral base extension REPO with basket of securities and collateral management 	 Development of technology for e-proxy-voting and electronic processing of corporate actions Interaction with foreign Repositories Further improving of collateral management services Innovations in clearing





Well-positioned attractive investment opportunity



Successful track record of changes



Strong operating and financial results

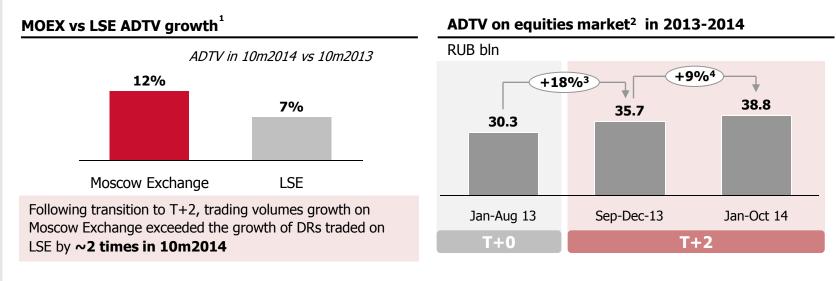


MOEX has delivered on strategic goals announced at IPO

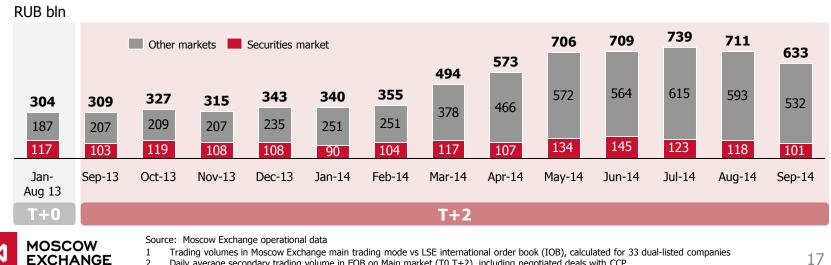
Tar	get	Delivery stage
1	Upgrade infrastructure to international standards - Deliver T+2 settlement	 T+2 launched in March 2013 and implemented fully in September 2013 in equities market Launch of the CSD in November 2012 removed the key barrier for trading in Russian local shares for foreign investors:
	 Establish fully functioning CSD 	 Direct and simplified settlement Lower costs Direct participation in corporate actions
	 Establish integrated CCP function 	 National Clearing Centre (NCC) is the CCP for all MOEX markets; NCC has been additionally capitalized in 2013, equity capital reached RUB 34.1 bln (as of October 1, 2014)
2	Opening up of MOEX to international investors	 Euroclear and Clearstream offer settlement services for Russian sovereign and corporate bonds and for Russian equities
		 Six global banks (Citigroup, Credit Suisse, Merrill Lynch, Morgan Stanley, UBS and Deutsche Bank¹) offer Direct Market Access (DMA) to securities trading on MOEX
3	Attract liquidity to securities platform of MOEX	 Re-attracted listings to MOEX Modernisation to international standards of listing rules and disclosure requirements Continued incentives to increase local demand and supply (tax incentives for retail investors, privatisation plans) Development of new products (foreign stocks and DRs, ETFs, ABS, CDO, MBS and others)
4	Adapt world-class governance standards	 5 independent non-executive directors out of 15 New hires with vast international experience Following the CBR SPO, the free float exceeded 50%. No controlling shareholder Treasury shares were cancelled in March 2014
6	Establish regular investor interaction	 Established world-class level of investor interaction with regular roadshows, conferences and investor meetings



Trading volumes growth driven by **upgrades to MOEX** infrastructure



Average daily client balances



Trading volumes in Moscow Exchange main trading mode vs LSE international order book (IOB), calculated for 33 dual-listed companies 2

- Daily average secondary trading volume in EOB on Main market (T0,T+2), including negotiated deals with CCP
- Average daily trading volumes in September-December 2013 vs January-August 2013 3 4
 - Average daily trading volumes in January-October 2014 vs September-December 2013

Highest dividend yield among global exchanges TOP 10 public exchanges by revenue in 2013

Revenue 2013 ¹ USD mln		EBITDA	margin 2013 %	Dividend yield 2015E %	
Nasdaq OMX	3211	ASX	78,6	Moscow Exchange	5,8
СМЕ	2936	HKEx	71,4	ASX	5,2
Deutsche Boerse	2543	BM&FBovespa	68,2	СМЕ	5,0
ICE	1674	СМЕ	67,4	BM&FBovespa	4,2
LSE	1377	Moscow Exchange	67,0	Deutsche Boerse	4,1
HKEx	1048	ICE	66,7	HKEx	2,9
BM&FBovespa	990	LSE	64,2	Japan Exchange	2,1
Japan Exchange	867	Japan Exchange	58,8	LSE	1,7
ASX	805	Deutsche Boerse	41,5	ICE	1,4
Moscow Exchange	772	Nasdaq OMX	27,6	Nasdaq OMX	1,4



Source: Bloomberg as of 1 September 2014, ICE including NYSE after the merger

1. From historical Financial Statements for the stated period converted to USD using average exchange rate for the period

Investment highlights

1	MOEX operates in #8 largest economy globally and covers Russia's largest public trading markets
2	Leading market position in a global context
3	Unique business model, offering trading of a wide range of assets together with well-established centralized post-trade infrastructure
4	High transparency and corporate governance standards
5	Successful track record of infrastructural reforms and improving regulatory framework
6	Strong financial performance
7	Attractive dividend policy



1 Well-positioned attractive investment opportunity



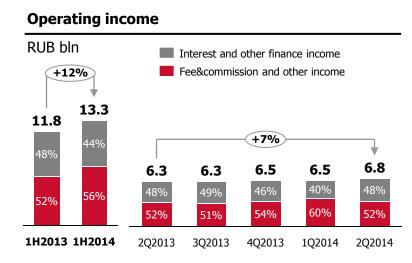
Successful track record of changes

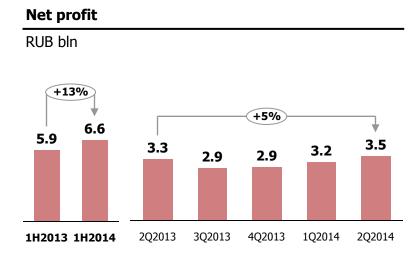


Strong operating and financial results

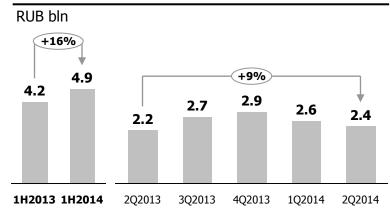


Financial results: operating income and net profit growth





Operating expenses

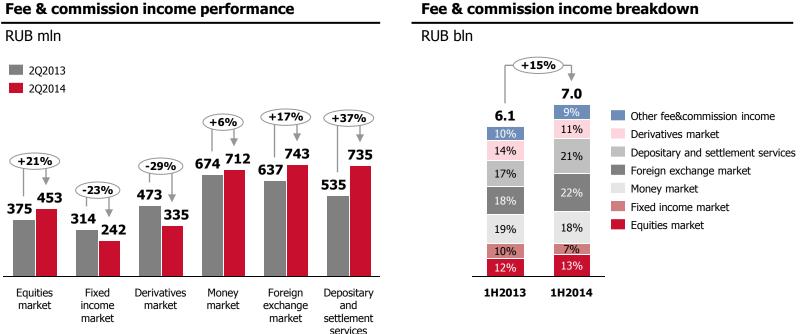


EPS and key financial ratios

	2Q2014	2Q2013	Chg
Basic EPS, RUB	1.58	1.49	+6.0% 🛧
EBITDA margin	75.3%	72.1%	+320 bp 🕇
Cost income ratio	35.0%	34.4%	+60 bp 🖣



Diversified fee & commission income



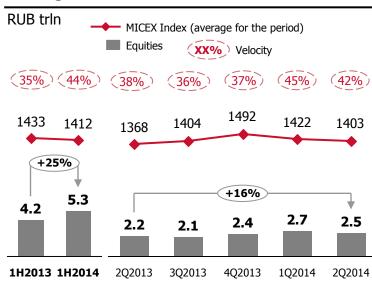
Fee & commission income performance

- In 2Q2014 fee & commission income remained well-diversified and grew by 7% YoY
- Lower income from fixed income and derivatives markets was more than offset by strong performance in FX market, depository and settlement services and equities market

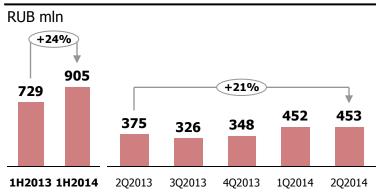


Equities Market: trading volumes and fee & commission income

Trading volumes¹



Fee & commission income



Russian equities trading volume², MOEX vs LSE



Comments

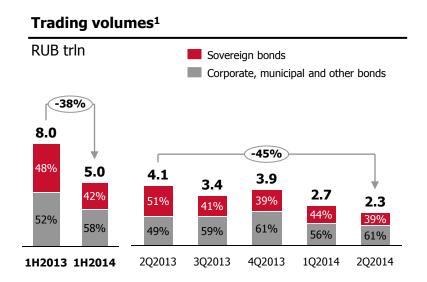
- Trading volumes growth was largely driven by migration to T+2, while velocity increased to 42%
- MOEX market share vs LSE started to recover following low point reached in March due to risk-off environment.
- In 2Q2014 Yandex was listed on MOEX and Qiwi held an SPO both on MOEX and Nasdaq



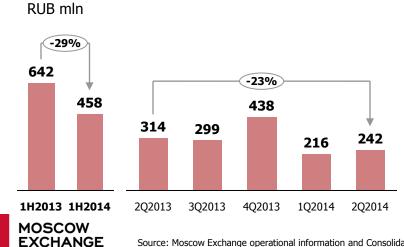
Source: Moscow Exchange operational information and Consolidated Financial Statements, equities and fixed income market fee&commission income for Q2 2013 was not reported in IFRS interim statements – management accounts data are used for the purposes of presentation

- 1 Volumes on both primary and secondary markets
- 2 Moscow Exchange and London Stock Exchange data for Russian dual-listed companies
- 3 Only electronic order book deals

Fixed Income Market: remained under pressure

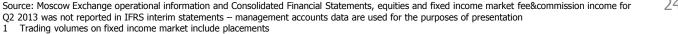


Fee & commission income



Comments

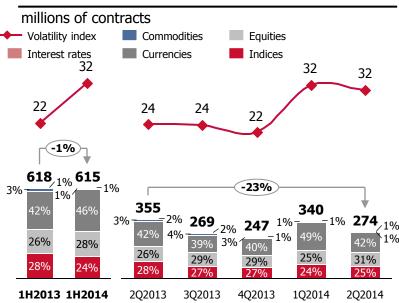
- Fixed income market trading volumes drop both in corporate and sovereign sectors as a result of higher interest rates and exchange rate volatility
- Primary placements were also affected by challenging market conditions
- However in 202014 primary market volumes were up 62% QoQ, leading by new placements of MinFin, RZhD, Gazprombank, AHML, VEB and Megafon
- In 2Q2014, 50 corporate and regional issuers placed 66 bonds issues, compared to 24 corporate and regional issuers with 30 bonds issues in 1Q2014
- Going forward domestic public debt might be better positioned for growth due to lower accessibility of foreign markets and pressure on local banks capital



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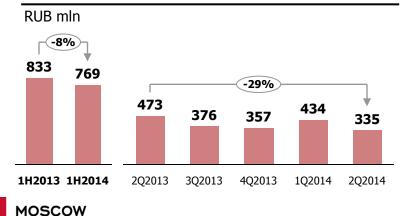
Derivatives Market: growth of open interest

Trading volumes

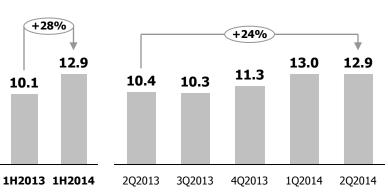


Fee & commission income

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Open interest



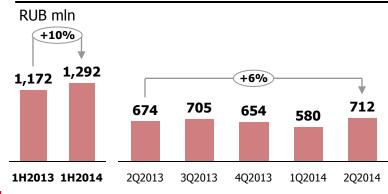
millions of contracts, daily average

- High uncertainty and increased market risks led to "wait-and-see" position of market participants and moderately lower trading activity
- However, open interest continued to grow, mainly driven mainly by new institutional clients
- Moscow Exchange included new instruments to market maker ranking program and launched new VIX index in 2Q2014

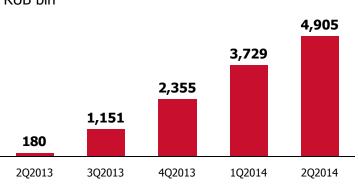
Money Market: healthy demand for liquidity

Trading volumes Inter-dealer repo Deposit and credit operations Repo with the CBR REPO with CCP 7.6 6.9 6.4 6.3 6.3 6.2 -4% 97 93 <mark>5%</mark>=0% -20% 8% 9% 63 37% 61 58 <mark>5%</mark>-2% 8% - 4% 4% = 0%47 32% 32% 30% 11% 58% 53% 63% 61% 58% 51% 54% 1H2013 1H2014 202013 302013 402013 102014 202014

Fee & commission income



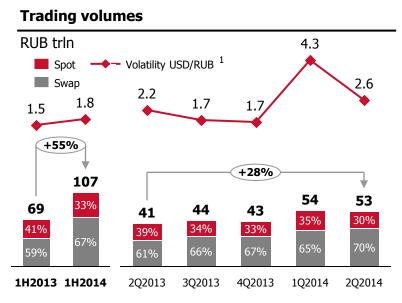




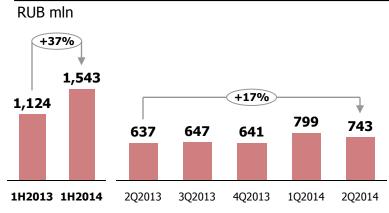
- On-exchange trading volumes contracted mainly due to the CBR shift to 1-week repo auctions instead of overnight auctions. Longer maturity resulted in higher income on transactions despite lower volumes, since both volumes and maturity are the basis for fees
- Total volumes of REPO operations (including onexchange and REPO through NSD) remained almost flat YoY
- MOEX continued to expand collateral base for REPO: a number of depositary receipts, foreign issuers' shares and eurobonds became eligible for REPO transactions



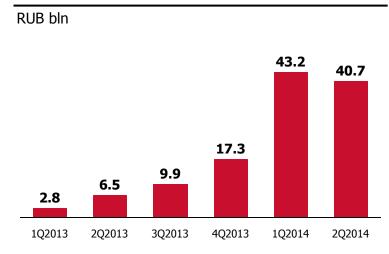
FX Market: strong growth of trading volume



Fee & commission income



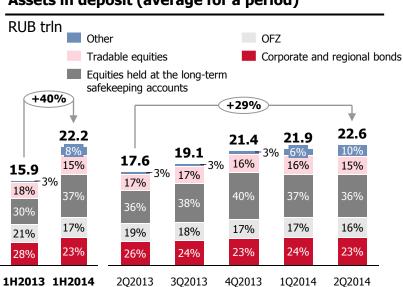
CNY/RUB trading volumes



- In 2Q2014 spot trading volumes remained flat YoY, while swap trading volumes grew by 47% due to higher demand for interest rates instruments and liquidity management products
- CNY/RUB currency pair demonstrated solid 7x trading volume growth



NSD: collateral management services drive F&C growth



Assets in deposit (average for a period)

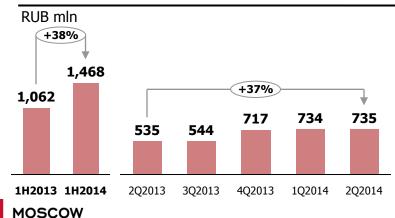
21%

Comments

- Solid fees and commissions performance was driven by both assets under custody growth and higher number of inventory transactions in the reporting period due to strong demand for collateral management services
- Collateral management system for REPO transactions generated ~ RUB 140 mln in 202014 (the same as in 1Q2014)1
- In July the CBR granted NSD with the status of nationally important payment system

Fee & commission income

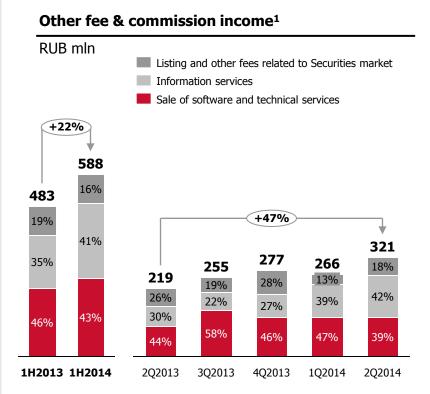
EXCHANGE



Source: Moscow Exchange operational information and Consolidated Financial Statements 1 according to management accounts data



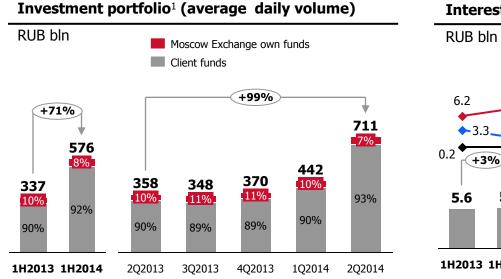
Other fee & commission income

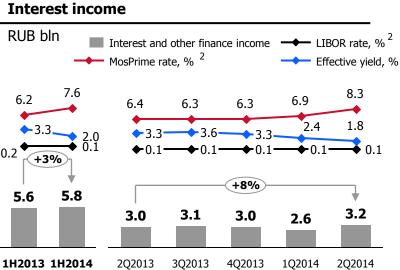


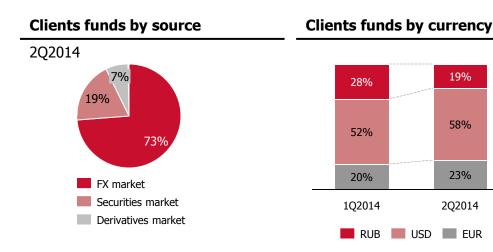
- Other fee & commission income grew by 47%
 YoY mainly driven by higher information services and sale of software and technical services
- Information services fees were driven by information audit and extra penalties received by the exchange from a large corporate customer
- Listing fees were flat despite of lower primary market activity, due to new tariffs following listing reform and higher bond placements in 2Q2014

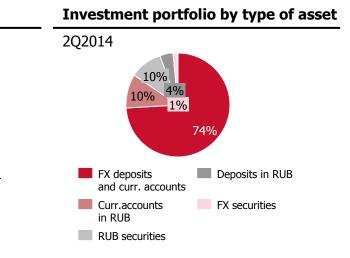


Investment Portfolio: stable and sustainable revenue source











Source: NFEA, Bloomberg, Moscow Exchange operational information and Consolidated Financial Statements

19%

58%

23%

202014

EUR

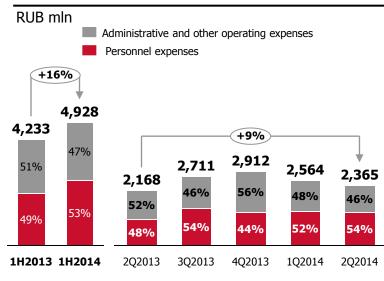
USD

Based on average daily investment portfolio according to management accounts 1

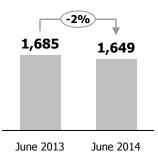
Average daily rate for the period 2

Operating expenses

Operating expenses



Headcount as of period end



Major expense items

RUB mln	2Q 2013	2Q 2014	Change YoY
Personnel expenses	1,042	1,287	23%
Administrative and other operating expenses, including	1,125	1,078	-4%
Amortisation of intangible assets	253	263	4%
Professional services	133	117	-12%
Market makers fees	105	62	-41%
Depreciation of property and equipment	135	126	-7%
Rent and office maintenance	105	107	2%
Taxes other than income tax	191	115	-39%
Total	2,168	2,365	9%
Cost income ratio	34.4%	35.0%	-

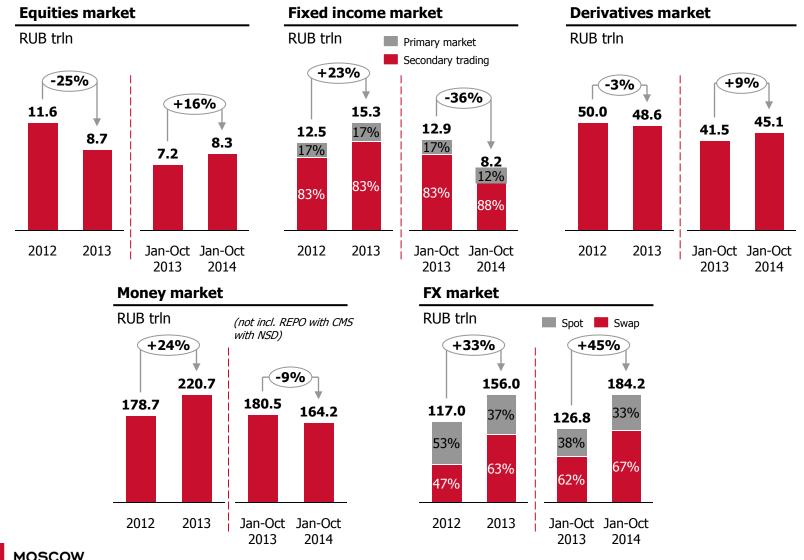
- Administrative expenses decreased by 4% due to lower spending on market makers, professional services and taxes other than income tax
- Staff costs remained the major cost item, up 23% YoY, driven mainly by a low-base effect as a result of the introduction of a new methodology for bonus accruals. Part of bonuses for FY2014 were accrued in 1Q-2Q 2014, while similar expenses for the FY2013 started to be reflected in financials in the second half of 2013
- Excluding accrued bonuses, personnel expenses declined 1% YoY



Appendix



Moscow Exchange trading volumes in **2013 and** January-October 2014



Liquidity center: placements held exclusively on MOEX prevail

IPO/SPO on Moscow Exchange¹

	Date	Deal type	Deal value	Industry	
MOSCOW	February 2013	IPO	RUB 15 bln (USD 462 mln)	Finance	
EXCHANGE	July 2014	SPO	RUB 16.0 bln (USD 469 mln)	Finance	
PHOSAGRO	April 2013	SPO ²	RUB 14.7 bln (USD 453 mln)	Chemicals	
⋐vtb	May 2013	SPO	RUB 102.5 bln (USD 3.2 bln)	Finance	
	June 2013	SPO	RUB 10.6 bln (USD 327 mln)	Real Estate/ Property	
	June 2013	SPO	RUB 526 mln (USD 15 mln)	Mining	
BANK SAINT PETERSBURG	August 2013	SPO	RUB 3.02 bln (USD 91 mln)	Finance	
Q	October 2013	SPO ³	RUB 9.2 bln (USD 286 mln)	Finance	
QIWI	June 2014	SPO ³	RUB 10.9 bln (USD 319 mln)	Finance	
Swarz of partnership and success	October 2013	SPO	RUB 19.1 bln (USD 602 mln)	Finance	
AAPOCA	October 2013	IPO	RUB 41.3 bln (USD 1.3 bln)	Mining	
PIEHTA	February 2014	IPO ⁴	RUB 34.3 bln (USD 952 mln)	Retail	

IPO/SPO of Russian companies offshore⁵

	Date	Deal type	Deal value	Industry	
Yandex	March 2013	SPO	RUB 18.6 bln (USD 607 mln)	Computers & Electronics	
PHOSAGRO	April 2013	SPO ²	RUB 14.7 bln (USD 453 mln)	Chemicals	
	May 2013	IPO	RUB 7.1 bln (USD 229 mln)		
QIWI	October 2013	SPO ³	RUB 9.2 bln (USD 286 mln)	Finance	
	June 2014	SPO ³	RUB 10.9 bln (USD 319 mln)		
AUXOFT	June 2013	IPO	RUB 2.6 bln (USD 84 mln)	Computers &	
Tagineeting hutters Performance	November 2013	SPO	RUB 3.1 bln (USD 96 mln)	Electronics	
Tinkoff Credit Systems	October 2013	IPO	RUB 34.7 bln (USD 1.1 bln)	Finance	
PIEHTA	February 2014	IPO ^₄	RUB 34.3 bln (USD 952 mln)	Retail	



- 1 Not including small offerings in Innovation and Investment Market
- 2 FosAgro SPO was executed on both Moscow Exchange and LSE
- 3 Qiwi SPO was executed on both Moscow Exchange and Nasdaq in October 2013 and June 2014
- 4 Lenta IPO was executed on both Moscow Exchange and LSE

5 Excluding dual placements marked with footnotes, Yandex SPO was executed on Nasdaq. Qiwi IPO – on Nasdaq, Luxoft IPO and SPO – on NYSE, Tinkoff IPO – on LSE

MOEX Management Team successfully transformed and **focused on delivering results**



Chairman of the Executive Board and CEO Alexander Afanasiev



Deputy CEO Andrey Shemetov

 Appointed Deputy Chairman of the Moscow Exchange Executive Board in 2012





Managing Director of Securities Market Anna Kuznetsova

 Joined RTS in 2001 and served as Head of New Markets Development



Chief Financial Officer Evgeny Fetisov

 Appointed Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and confirmed as a member of the Executive Board of Moscow Exchange in February 2013



Managing Director of Money Market Igor Marich

- Joined MICEX in 2000
- Previously worked for Elbim Bank as Head of the Securities Division



Chief Operating Officer Dmitry Shcheglov

- In 2013 was appointed Executive Director of Operations at the Moscow Exchange
- Deputy Head of the Project Center for the Integration since April 2011



Managing Director of Derivatives Market **Roman Sulzhyk**

 Previously headed Derivatives Trading Division in DB Moscow and was a Derivatives trader at J.P. Morgan



Chief Information Officer Sergei Poliakoff

- Joined Moscow Exchange in 2013
- Previously worked for Morgan Stanley, NatWest Securities and Deutsche Bank



Managing Director of Risk and Clearing Luis Vicente

- Joined NCC as Chief Risk Officer in 2013
- Previously, Risk Systems Director and Risk Management Director in Brazil's BM&F BOVESPA





Moscow Exchange's new Supervisory Board: **5** independent directors **of 15 directors**

	Board members	Position	NEW
3	Alexey Kudrin	Chairman of the Supervisory Board; Sberbank of Russia, Member of the Supervisory Board	\checkmark
	Nicola Jane Beattie	Nbxc Ltd, Director/Senior Executive Director	
	Mikhail Bratanov	Societe Generale Group, Head of Societe Generale Securities Services for Russia and CIS; Rosbank, Head of Depository Department at Rosbank	
	Yuan Wang	China Development Bank, Chief Economist	\checkmark
	Anatoly Karachinsky	IBS Group, Chairman of the Board	
	Rainer Riess	Independent Director	
2	Sean Glodek	Russian Direct Investment Fund, Director, Member of the Executive Board	
9	Andrey Golikov	Strana Detei, Director for Investments and Commerce	
P	Valery Goreglyad	Bank of Russia, Chief Auditor	\checkmark
Q.	Yuriy Denisov	NCC, Deputy Chairman of the Supervisory Board	
	Bella Zlatkis	Sberbank, Deputy Chairman of the Management Board	
	Sergey Kozlov	VTB-24, Senior Vice-president, Deputy Director of Investment Department	\checkmark
	Sergey Lykov	Vnesheconombank, Deputy Chairman of the Executive Board	
	Kirill Shershun	CentroCredit, First Deputy Chairman of the Executive Board	
	Alexander Afanasiev	Moscow Exchange, CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board	
MOS	SCOW		26



Superiority of local shares vs. depositary receipts

	Shares	Depositary receipts
Shares liquidity on Moscow Exchange	 Narrower spreads Centre of liquidity: Moscow Exchange accounts for over 60% of trading volume¹ 	 Wider spreads Lower liquidity for the majority of dual listed Russian stocks
Holders of shares have full shareholders' rights	 Full shareholders' rights (in accordance with the law on joint stock companies), including: Receipt of dividends Voting at annual shareholders meeting Preemption right for purchasing new shares Nomination of a candidate for the Board (for more than 2% shareholders) Adding items to the agenda of the annual shareholders meeting (for more than 2% shareholders) Extraordinary shareholders meeting convocation (for more than 10% shareholders) 	 Rights are significantly restricted: Receipt of dividends and voting allowance at annual shareholders meeting through depositary bank
Quicker dividend payments for shares	Standard terms	Time of dividend payments is 3+ days longer
Costs of ownership is significantly higher for depositary receipts	Only custodian bank tariffs Starting from July 7, 2014 it is possible to own shares through Clearstream, Euroclear set up expected	 Custodian bank rates (in some cases) Depositary bank rates for issuance services, maintenance, conversion and dividends payment may constitute up to 0.5% annual rate of return Special tariff upon dividends payment. The variable part for some depositary programs reaches 14% of dividends
Issues related to taxation	Not applicable	 Currently the transaction of converting local shares to depositary receipts and vice versa may be considered as the sale of securities for taxation purposes (capital gain tax)



Source: depositary banks websites

1 Out of the 36 Russian stocks with dual listing: Moscow Exchange (main mode) vs. LSE (trading volumes IOB EOB)

DR holders pay substantial **EXTRA FEES** to depositary banks

Fees to be paid to depositary bank for some of DR programs of the Russian companies

DR program		Depositary Service Fee ¹ (DSF), USD per DR	Dividend Fee², USD per DR	Dividend Fee as % of dividend amount ³	DRs cancellations fee, USD per DR
RusHydro	BoNY Mellon	0.02	0.004	14%	0,05
TGK-1	BoNY Mellon	0.02	0.002	13%	0,05
VTB Bank	BoNY Mellon	0.03	0.009	12%	0,05
ТМК	BoNY Mellon	0.02	0.01	12%	0,05
ММК	BoNY Mellon	0.02	0.012	12%	0,05
Sberbank	BoNY Mellon	0.02	0.02	8%	0,05
Gazprom	BoNY Mellon	0.025	0.02	7%	0,05
Surgutneftgaz-p	BoNY Mellon	0.02	0.02	6%	0,05
Russian Grids	BoNY Mellon	0.02	0.02	5%	0,05
Lukoil	BoNY Mellon	0.025	0.02	2%	0,05
Norilsk Nickel	BoNY Mellon	0.01	0.02	2%	0,05
Acron	Deutsche Bank	0.02	0.015	9%	0,05
Mechel	Deutsche Bank	0.02	0.017	8%	0,05
MTS	JP Morgan	0.01	0.03	3%	0,05
Rosneft	JP Morgan	0.03	-	n/a	0,05
Phosagro	Citi	0.02	0.01	7%	0,05
Average		0.02	0.01	8%	0,05

Gross DSF and dividend fees calculated for Top-3 international funds holding DRs of Russian companies⁴

Fund A	4 734 003 USD
Fund B	5 029 605 USD
Fund C	3 179 714 USD

Cost of cancellations all DR in portfolios to local shares for Top-3 funds

Fund A	5 808 931 USD
Fund B	5 828 632 USD
Fund C	4 376 841 USD

- Depositary service fee and Dividend fee are to be paid by DR holder to the depositary bank while there are no such fees for holders of local shares
- All DRs cancellations operations are also charged 0.05 USD per DR
- DR dividend income in case of non disclosure of beneficial owners will be taxed at a 30% rate in 2014⁶

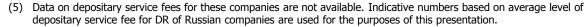
(1) Service fees are charged annually, in arbitrary date. Calculated based on number of DR on client account on the record date

- (2) Dividend fees are charged when dividends are paid
- (3) As % of dividend amount after tax

MOSCOW

EXCHANGE

(4) Calculations based on Thomson Reuters data as of June 2014



(6) Federal Law of 02.11.2013 № 306-FZ came into force January 1, 2014

Source: BNY Mellon, Deutsche Bank, JP Morgan, Citi, Thomson Reuters

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- -perception of market services offered by the Company and its subsidiaries;
- -volatility (a) of the Russian economy and the securities market and (b) sectors with a high level of competition that the Company and its subsidiaries operate;
- -changes in (a) domestic and international legislation and tax regulation and (b) state policies related to financial markets and securities markets;
- -competition increase from new players on the Russian market;
- -the ability to keep pace with rapid changes in science and technology environment, including the ability to use advanced features that are popular with the Company's and its subsidiaries' customers;
- -the ability to maintain continuity of the process of introduction of new competitive products and services, while keeping the competitiveness;
- -the ability to attract new customers on the domestic market and in foreign jurisdictions;
- -the ability to increase the offer of products in foreign jurisdictions.

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