## **Deloitte.**



## **Compliance practice survey results**

Companies Circle
OECD Russia Corporate Governance Roundtable

## List of respondents

## List of respondents – members of the **Companies Circle**

1.	A	LR	O	SA
			$\smile$	$\smile$

- 2. AEROFLOT
- 3. BASHNEFT
- 4. Bank VTB
- 5. Inter RAO
- 6. LUKOIL

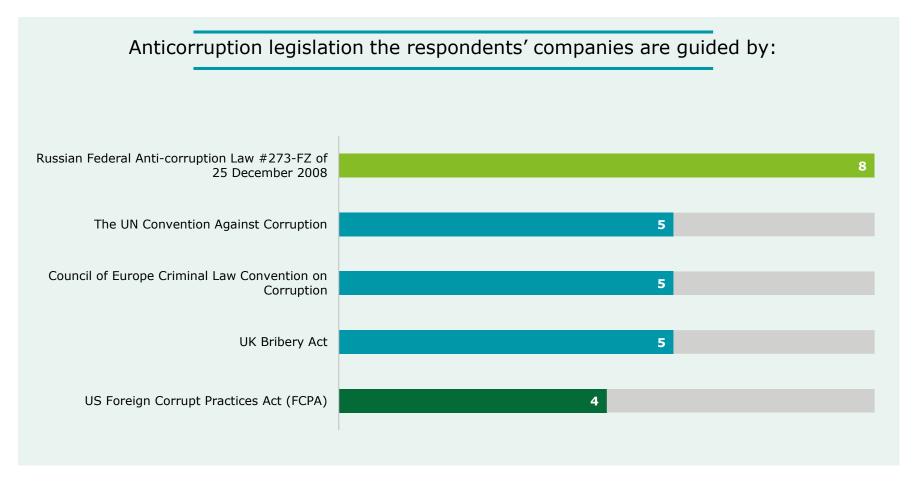
- 7. Norilsk Nickel
- 8. Russian Railways
- 9. Rostelecom
- 10. RusHydro
- 11. SBERBANK
- 12. Transcontainer

The questionnaire was sent to all members of the Companies Circle.

8 out of 12 companies – members of the Companies Circle answered these questions.

## 1. General terms

#### 1. General terms

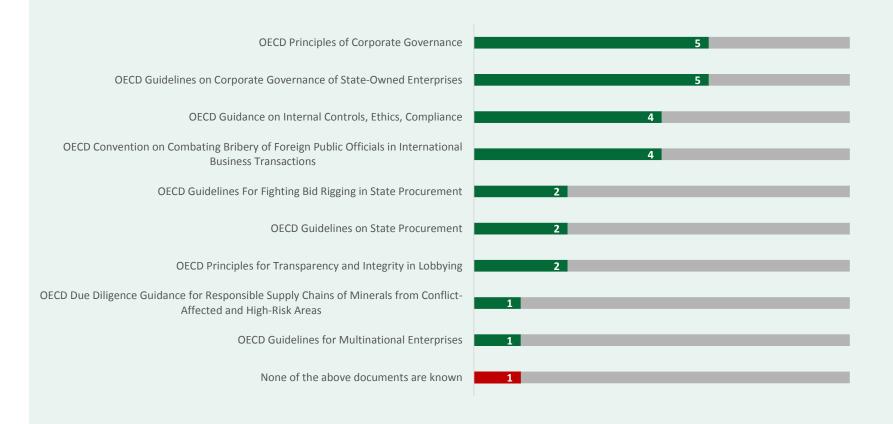


Among other documents, defining the company's activities in the area of anti-corruption, respondents noted the following:

The Constitution of the Russian Federation (RF), the Criminal Code of the RF, the Code Administrative Offences of the RF, National Anti-corruption Strategy, National Anti-corruption Plan for 2014-2015, and legal acts issued by the President of the RF and the Government of the RF.

#### 1. General terms

## OECD documents in the area of ensuring integrity in business known to respondents:



The company has a department or an employee responsible for compliance with internal policies and anti-corruption law:





7

companies have a compliance function represented by a department or employee

1

Company does not have a compliance function

from 2013 to 2016

The year the compliance department was established varies among respondents

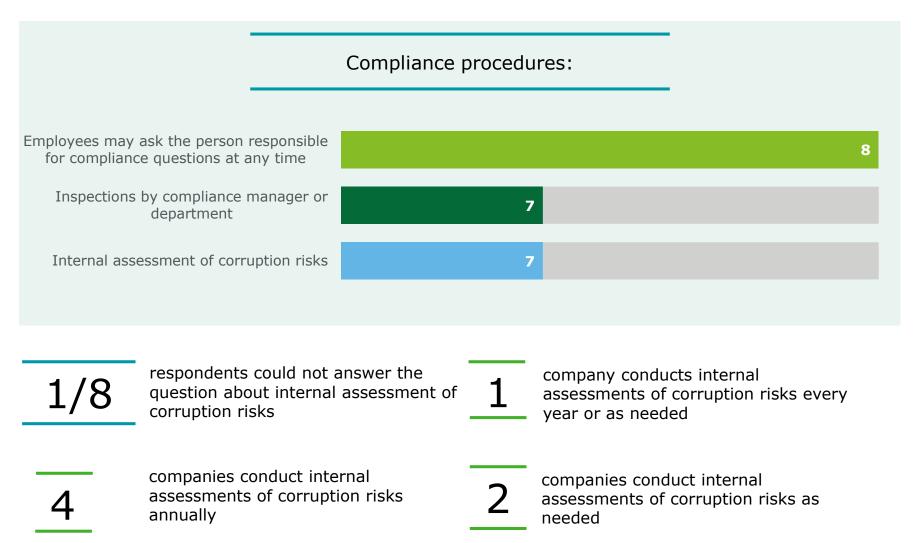
The economic security department monitors compliance with internal policies and applicable anti-corruption law

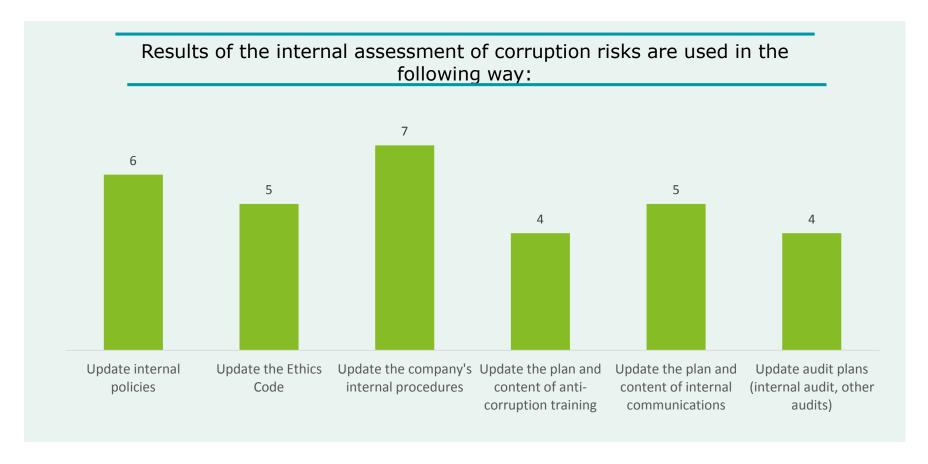


#### Other responsibilities noted by the respondents include:

- Control over the counteraction of money laundering and terrorism financing
- Participation in official inspections and investigations to identify violations of anti-corruption law and development of possible steps to address violations

Development of a compliance culture





respondents could not answer the question

Other uses of the risk assessment results noted by the respondents:

 Improving the company's internal control system and carrying out investigations

## 3. Internal policies of the company

## 3. Internal policies of the company

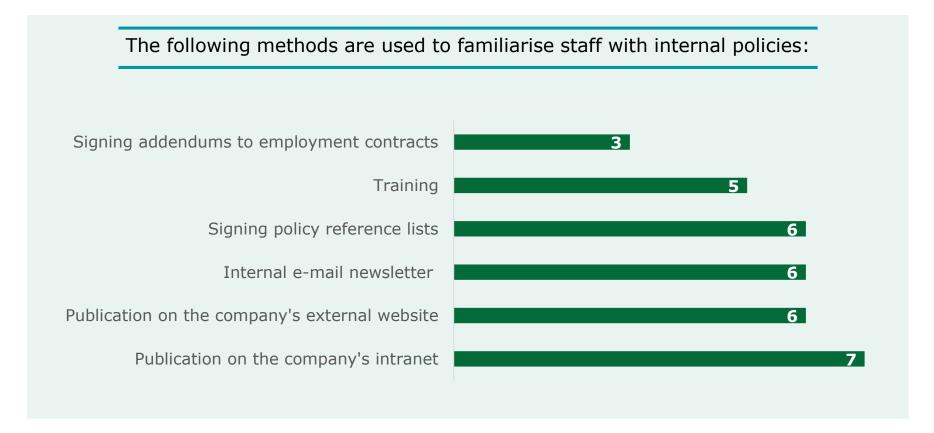




respondent could not answer the question about compliance inspections

respondent could not answer the question about limits on representation expenses

## 3. Internal policies of the company

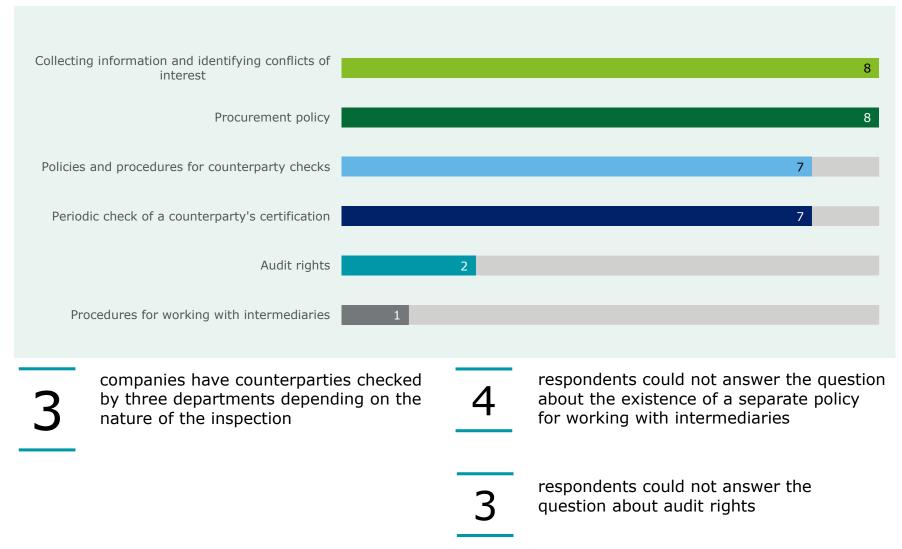




companies have procedures to familiarise employees with the internal policies

# 4. Policies and procedures governing interaction with counterparties

## 4. Policies and procedures governing interactions with counterparties



## 5. Participation in state procurement

## 5. Participation in state procurement

7/8



companies participate in state tenders, performing work and providing services under state contracts



5/7

companies do not have a separate policy for interacting with state companies and public officials

2/7

companies have a separate policy for interacting with state companies and public officials

## 6. Checks on employees

## 6. Checks on employees

Checks of employees to ensure that persons in executive positions were not involved in illegal activities or other violations of business practices:





companies conduct checks of employee personal data

2

respondents could not answer the question about personal data checks

## 7. Employee training on compliance

## 7. Employee training on compliance



companies, hold training on an annual basis

respondent could not answer the question about compliance training in the company

2 companies, hold training more often than annually

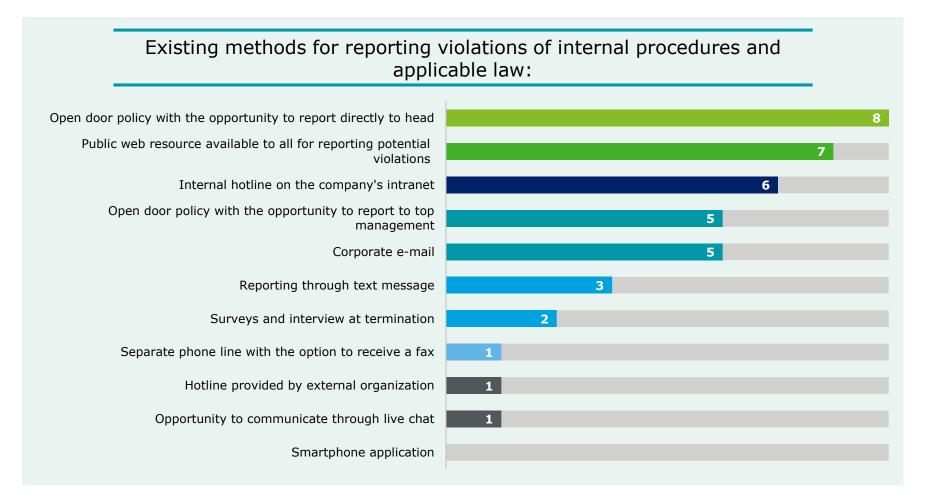
respondent could not answer the question about sufficiency of compliance training

## 7. Employee training on compliance



## 8. Reporting compliance violations

## 8. Reporting compliance violations



7/8

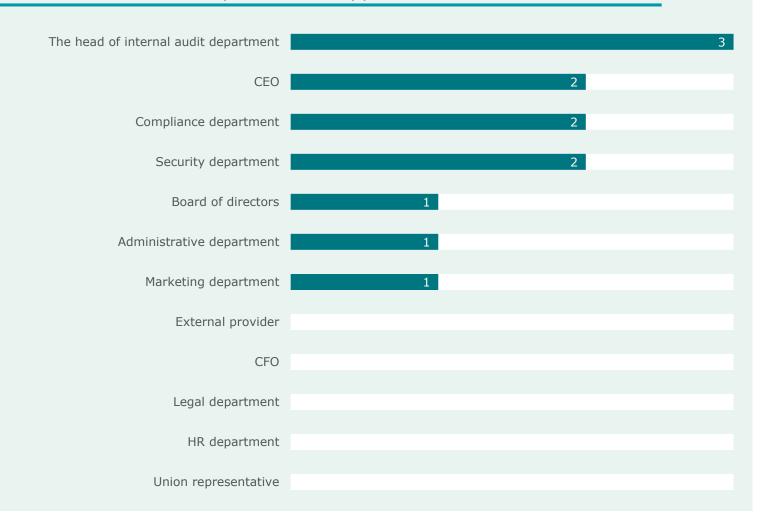
respondents consider the existing violation reporting channels to be anonymous

3

All companies have 3 or more ways to report violations of internal procedures or applicable law

## 8. Reporting compliance violations

Employees responsible for processing messages about violations of internal policies and applicable law:



### 8. Reporting compliance violation



companies, have at least one procedure for protecting an employee that reports violations

3

respondents answered that good practice is to share information about violations with management before reporting them.

2

respondents could not answer the question about procedures protecting the employees that report violations

## Thank you for your attention!

## Deloitte.

#### deloitte.ru

#### **About Deloitte**

Deloitte refers to one or more of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, a UK private company limited by guarantee ("DTTL"), its network of member firms, and their related entities. DTTL and each of its member firms are legally separate and independent entities. DTTL (also referred to as "Deloitte Global") does not provide services to clients. Please see www.deloitte.com/about for a more detailed description of DTTL and its member firms.

Deloitte provides audit, consulting, financial advisory, risk management, tax and related services to public and private clients spanning multiple industries. Deloitte serves four out of five Fortune Global 500® companies through a globally connected network of member firms in more than 150 countries bringing world-class capabilities, insights, and high-quality service to address clients' most complex business challenges. To learn more about how Deloitte's approximately 225,000 professionals make an impact that matters, please connect with us on <a href="Facebook">Facebook</a>, <a href="LinkedIn">LinkedIn</a>, or <a href="Twitter">Twitter</a>.

This communication contains general information only, and none of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, its member firms, or their related entities (collectively, the "Deloitte Network") is, by means of this communication, rendering professional advice or services. Before making any decision or taking any action that may affect your finances or your business, you should consult a qualified professional adviser. No entity in the Deloitte Network shall be responsible for any loss whatsoever sustained by any person who relies on this communication.

 $\ @$  2016 ZAO Deloitte & Touche CIS. All rights reserved.