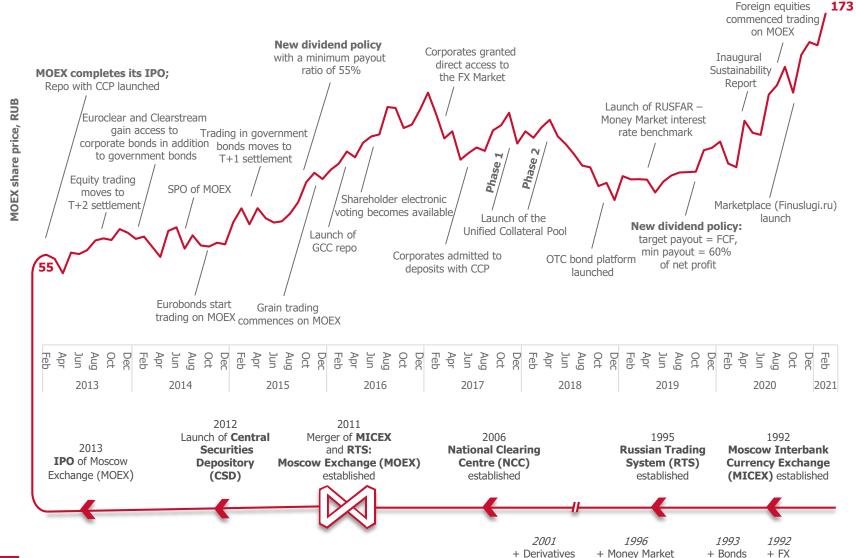


March 2021

Investor presentation

History of MOEX: the path of ongoing progress





2

Investment and corporate highlights

Financial Resilience

- Counter-cyclical business model coupled with robust cost control
- Secular growth of fees and commissions (F&C) across 7 complimentary F&C business lines
- Business-driven margin and collateral requirements generate sustainable net interest income (NII)
- Operating income F&C/NII split of 2/1 evolving towards F&C
- One of the **highest EBITDA margins** among global peers
- Attractive dividend policy: min. payout of 60%; target payout of 100% FCFE; track record of distributing 55-89% of 2014-2019 profits

Strategic Stance

- Low penetration of financial services indicates secular growth potential
- The world's most diversified exchange with trading in 5 asset classes vs ~3 offered by "traditional" exchanges
- Complete vertical integration of a trading engine with a clearing house and a central securities depository makes up a unique platform
- **Cornerstone** of the Russian financial system: MOEX brings together the tiers of the banking system by managing ~3/4 of its total liquidity flow
- The world's only exchange focused on Russian financial assets in the market is open for competition (ex. the CSD). OTC is the main competitor
- B2B business model: investors trade via locally licensed brokers and banks. Foreign investors have SMA and ICM services at their disposal

Corporate Governance

- A 28-year history of successful and continuous implementation of infrastructural and regulatory reforms
- **No single controlling shareholder**: free float of 63% with substantial international participation; the largest shareholder owns <12%
- Most Supervisory Board members are independent directors (8 out of 12)
- Established track record for **efficient capital allocation**

Operational Excellence

- All-electronic since 1997
- Vast in-house IT expertise: ~1/3 of staff are IT developers, supporting a CAPEX-light business model
- Single-tier clearing system requires all participants to provide eligible collateral in cash or securities to trade any asset class
- **Pre-trade risk checks** forestall any "fat fingers"/"flash crash" problems
- Low-cost product scalability: a new order book launch requires the equivalent of circa USD 10 thousand



- Business overview
- Corporate governance and dividends
- Market position and competitive strategy
- Financial track record
- 4Q 2020 update



Robust and trusted **infrastructure**

Trading platform, NCC as the Central Counterparty (CCP) and NSD as the Central Securities Depository (CSD)

TRADING

- MOEX markets ADTV 3,8 RUB trin (2020)
- Pre-order validation (100+ risk check scenarios) ensures integrity of trades
- World class latency of 200-300 microseconds
- >500 trading members (all markets)

CLEARING

- NCC cleared ADTV 3,2 RUB trln (2020)
- NCC served as a CCP for 93% of trading volumes it cleared in 2020
- **BBB** local currency rating from Fitch
- The target NCC capital for 2021 is ~RUB 67 bln
- As of 27 Feb 2021, N1_{CCP} is 147.0%

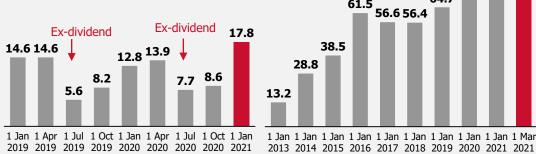
SETTLEMENT & DEPOSITORY





Trading venue's net proprietary **funds**⁴ (Regulated since 3Q2019)

RUB bln

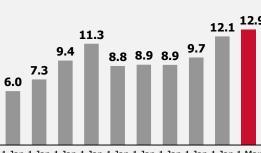


National Clearing Centre (NCC) proprietary funds (capital)1

RUB bln 70.5 73.2 75.8 64.7 61.5 56.6 56.4 38.5 28.8 13.2 1 Jan 1 Apr 1 Jul 1 Oct 1 Jan 1 Apr 1 Jul 1 Oct 1 Jan 1 Jan

National Settlement Depository (NSD) proprietary capital³

RUB bln



1 Jan 1 Mar 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2021

Regulatory requirement: 10 RUB bln

Regulatory requirement: 6 RUB bln

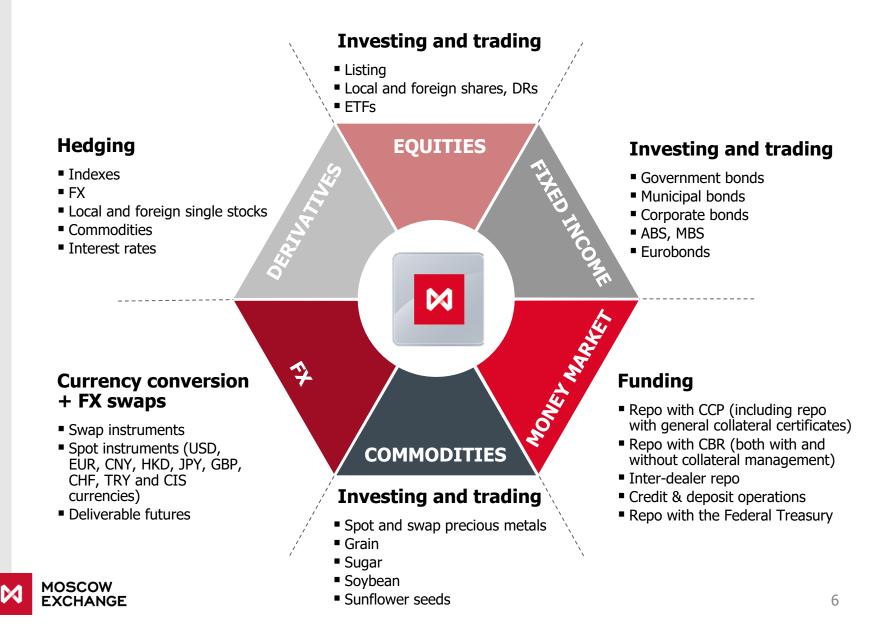
Regulatory requirement: 67 RUB bln

MOSCOW EXCHANGE

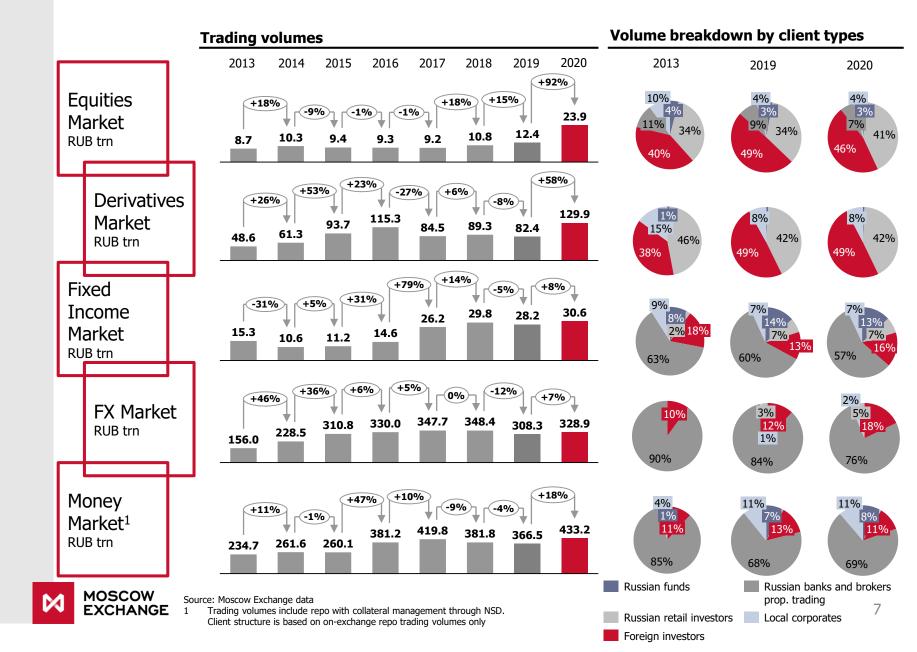
Source: Moscow Exchange

- Figures for 1 Jan 20XX are from the audited financial reports prepared in accordance with RAS. The latest figure is as reported by the CBR on a monthly basis.
- Assets on deposit based on Company's operational data
- Figures in accordance with Russian Accounting Standards as reported to and disclosed by the CBR on a monthly basis
- Numerator of the regulatory ratio (100% requirement)

Highly diversified product offering



Diversified client base across different markets



- Business overview
- Corporate governance and dividends
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Best-in-class corporate governance standards

- ✓ Out of 12 members of the 2020-2021 Supervisory Board, 8 are independent (67% vs a minimum threshold of 20%¹)
- ✓ Three of the five Supervisory Board committees are chaired by independent directors
- ✓ MOEX was a pioneer to adopt the new criteria of Director Independence aligned with the new Corporate Governance Code

	Supervisory Board members	Strategy Planning	Audit	Nomination and Remuneration	Technical Policy ²	Risk Management
Q	Andrey Golikov - Deputy Chairman Deputy Chairman of the Supervisory Board at Moscow Exchange	\checkmark				Chair
	Valery Goreglyad Chief Auditor at the Bank of Russia					\checkmark
	Bella Zlatkis Deputy Chairman of the Executive Board at Sberbank of Russia					
	Vadim Kulik Deputy President – Chair of the Executive Board at VTB Bank				Chair	✓
R	Ramon Adarraga Independent consultant	✓	✓			
	Paul Bodart Professor at Solvay Business School	Chair	\checkmark			
	Dmitry Eremeev President at FIX	\checkmark			\checkmark	
	Maria Gordon Member of the Supervisory Board at Alrosa		Chair	\checkmark		
•	Oskar Hartmann Director General at LLC Polyanka	\checkmark			\checkmark	
	Alexander Izosimov Director General at DRCAdvisors AB		\checkmark	Chair		
Q	Maxim Krasnykh Global COO at Gett	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Oleg Viyugin - Chairman Professor at Higher School of Economics	✓		✓		

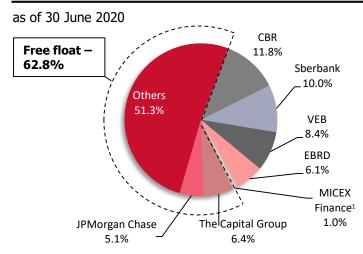


* Independent directors

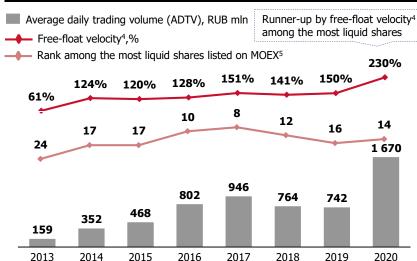
The threshold is for stocks listed in the First level of the Quotation list as per the Listing Rules of Moscow Exchange

Dispersed ownership with one of the **highest free-floats** in Russia

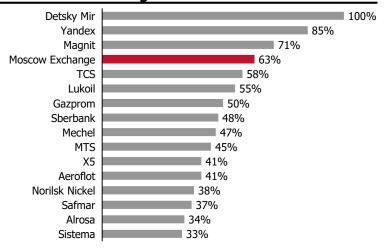
Dispersed ownership with no controlling shareholder...



Growing liquidity of MOEX shares³



...and one of the highest free-floats in Russia²



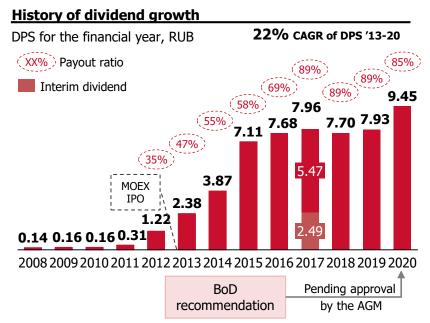
Transparency and international recognition

- International index providers MSCI and MVIS include MOEX shares in their indices
- Voluntary disclosures and regular updates of investor materials, including monthly trading results
- Annual **MOEX Forums** in Moscow, New York, London and Shanghai have become well-known venues to maintain dialogue with international market participants
- Robust investor relations program:
 - √ ~300 investor meetings per annum in 2016-2020
 - ✓ IR activities in Russia, the UK, Europe, Asia and the US to maintain dialogue with overseas investors
 - ✓ IR awards in Russia in 2014-2017



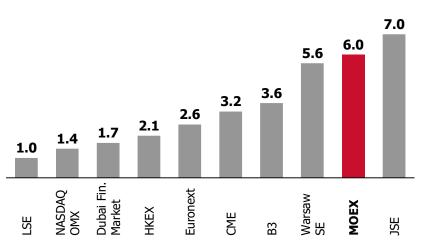
- 100% owned subsidiary of the Moscow Exchange
- 2 Free-float ranking of locally registered Russian companies included in the MOEX Index (as of 15.05.2020); Company data
- Trading volumes in the main trading mode (T0, T+2)
- 4 Calculated as annual trading volume divided by average market capitalization of the free-float
- 5 The ranking includes ordinary and preferred shares

The established dividend story continues

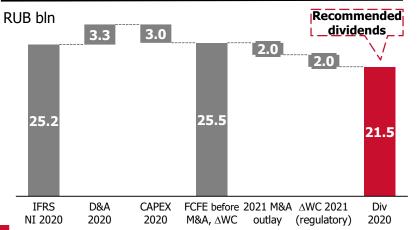


Dividend yields of MOEX and exchange peers, 2021E1

%



2020 Dividend: explaining the new formula



Comments

- MOEX has been paying substantial dividends since the onset of its public history
- Dividend policy approved in October 2019 sets 60% of net profit as the minimum payout and the target payout of 100% FCFE
- In 2019 MOEX paid a DPS of RUB 7.70 for 2018, which amounts to 89% of the consolidated IFRS net profit for the year
- In 2020 a DPS of RUB 7.93 for 2019, which amounts to 89% of the consolidated IFRS net profit for the year, was paid out



Sources: Bloomberg, Moscow Exchange
1 Bloomberg data as of 12 January 2021

Strengthening the team with hires, rotations and incentives

New hires and internal rotations in the management team of the Group in 1H2020

Andrey Burilov Igor Alutin MOEX MD of IT MOEX MD of Digital **Executive Board member Technologies** To oversee and coordinate To lead the next phase of IT strategy implementation all digital platforms **Alexey Khavin Eddie Astanin** NCC CEO MOEX MD of Global Markets

Executive Board member

To upgrade operations and To focus on Group treasury risk management and international projects

Irina Grekova **MOEX Head of Compliance**

To establish best-in-class compliance practices

> Maria Krasnova **NSD Acting CEO**

To ensure continuity of operational excellence

Rinat Kirdan NCC MD of Risk

Evgeny Zhdanov

MOEX Head of Internal

Audit

To monitor and develop

business processes

To bring top expertise in risk management

New Long Term Incentive Program (LTIP) launched in mid-2020

- Naturally aligns long-term interests of shareholders and the management team
- Based on existing shares, not options => predictable for both beneficiaries and investors, has no embedded leverage
- The value of incentive is determined by: (1) financial performance, (2) share price performance, (3) accrued dividends
- The program term is 5 years, in line with the strategy; vesting in years 3, 4, 5 in three equal tranches
- Every tranche is dependent on achieving KPIs, which are linked to F&C income growth and relevant regulation
- 70 key employees might earn up to 18 mln shares, which make up 0.8% of MOEX's Market Cap
- MICEX-Finance holds 22 mln treasury shares => no new issuance, no dilution required



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MOEX product offering vs other exchanges

	Country	Traded asset classes & service offerings						Post-trade			
Exchange		Equity	Bonds	Derivatives	Repo	FX	Cmdty	Listing	Market Data	Clearing	Depository
HKEx	Hong Kong	√√	✓	√√	√	×	×	√√	√	√√	✓
Deutsche Boerse	Germany	√√	✓	√√	√√	√	×	✓	√√	√√	√√
ICE&NYSE	USA	√√	✓	√√	×	×	×	√ √	√√	✓	×
B3	Brazil	√√	√√	√√	√	√	√	✓	√	√√	√√
LSE	UK	√√	√√	✓	×	×	×	√√	√√	√√	×
SGX	Singapore	√√	✓	√√	×	×	√	√√	√	√	√
JPX	Japan	√√	✓	√√	√	×	×	√√	√√	√√	×
MOEX	Russia	√√	√√	√√	√√	√√	√	√	√	√√	√√
BME	Spain	√√	√√	√	√	×	×	√√	√√	√√	√√
JSE	South Africa	√√	√√	√	√	×	×	√ √	✓	√√	×

 \times absence \vee presence \vee \vee strong business



Source: exchanges' websites

Leading positions in a global context in 2020

2rd largest exchange in fixed income¹

				
Rank	Exchange	Country	Trading vol. (USD bln)	Incl. REPOs
1	BME	Spain	5,313	\checkmark
2	Moscow Exchange	Russia	3,403	√
3	Johannesburg SE	South Africa	2,044	\checkmark
4	Korea Exchange	Korea	1,823	×
5	Shanghai SE	China	1,670	×
6	Shenzhen SE	China	1,242	×
7	Tel-Aviv Stock Exchange	Israel	288	×
8	LSE Group	UK	242	×
9	Bolsa de Valores de Colombia	Colombia	231	×
10	Taipei Exchange	Taiwan	225	\checkmark

9th largest exchange in derivatives²

Rank	Exchange	Country	Contracts traded (mln)
1	NSE India	India	8,850
2	В3	Brazil	6,598
3	CME Group	USA	4,820
4	Nasdaq	USA	2,667
5	CBOE	USA	2,614
6	ICE&NYSE	USA	2,260
7	Dalian Comm. Exchange	China	2,207
8	Korea Exchange	Korea	2,178
9	Moscow Exchange	Russia	2,120
10	Shanghai Futures Exchange	China	2,103

Among top 25 exchanges by equity trading volumes globally³

Rank	Exchange	Country	Mkt Cap (USD bln)	Listed companies	Trading vol. (USD bln)
1	ICE&NYSE	USA	26,233	2,873	26,177
2	Nasdaq	USA	21,171	4,004	25,955
3	CBOE	USA	na	Na	20,616
4	Shenzhen SE	China	5,238	2,354	17,783
5	Shanghai SE	China	6,976	1,800	12,178
6	Japan Exchange	Japan	6,718	3,758	6,156
7	Korea Exchange	Korea	2,176	2,340	4,852
8	HKEx	Hong Kong	6,130	2,538	3,144
9	Euronext	EU	5,444	1,493	2,505
25	Moscow Exchange	Russia	695	270	310

14th largest publicly listed exchange by Mkt Cap⁴

14 largest publicly listed exchange by Mkt Cap							
Exchange	Country	Mkt Cap (USD bln)					
HKEx	Hong Kong	69.5					
CME	USA	65.4					
ICE&NYSE	USA	64.7					
LSE Group	UK	43.2					
Deutsche Boerse	Germany	32.5					
B3	Brazil	24.7					
Nasdaq	USA	21.8					
Japan Exchange	Japan	13.7					
ASX	Australia	10.7					
CBOE	USA	10.1					
Euronext	EU	7.7					
SGX	Singapore	7.5					
TMX Group	Canada	5.6					
Moscow Exchange	Russia	4.9					
	Exchange HKEX CME ICE&NYSE LSE Group Deutsche Boerse B3 Nasdaq Japan Exchange ASX CBOE Euronext SGX TMX Group	HKEX Hong Kong CME USA ICE&NYSE USA LSE Group UK Deutsche Boerse Germany B3 Brazil Nasdaq USA Japan Exchange Japan ASX Australia CBOE USA Euronext EU SGX Singapore TMX Group Canada					

Sources: Moscow Exchange, WFE as of 28 January 2021, Bloomberg

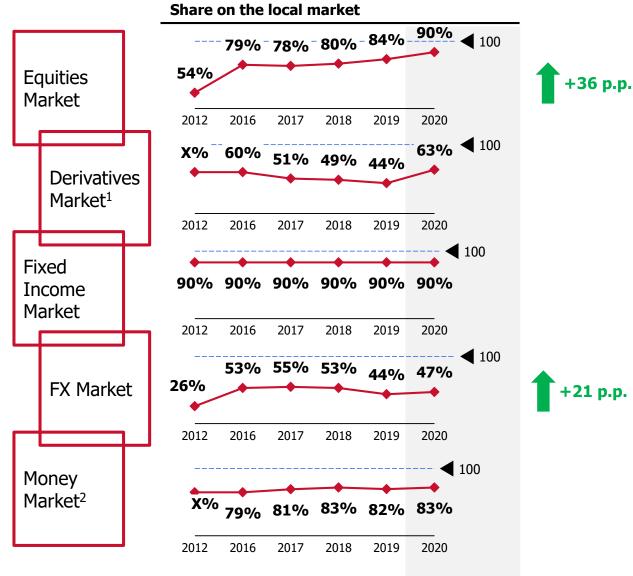
^{4.} Market capitalization of public exchanges based on Bloomberg data as of 31 December 2020



Due to different methodologies applied, data on fixed income trading may not be directly comparable among exchanges. Data for 2020, except Bolsa de Valores de Colombia (11M2020)
 Data for 2020. MOEX ranking, incl. combined indicators for Nasdaq (incl. Nasdaq-US and Nasdaq Nordic and Baltics), CBOE (incl. Cboe Global Markets and Cboe Europe), ICE & NYSE

 ⁽incl. NYSE - data as of October 2020, ICE Futures Europe, ICE Futures US)
 Top equity trading exchanges are ranked by EOB trading volume. Number of listed companies on NYSE as of October 2020. MOEX ranking, incl. combined indicators for Nasdaq (incl. Nasdaq-US and Nasdaq Nordic and Baltics) and CBOE (incl. Cboe Global Markets and Cboe Europe), excl. Lusaka SE. Data for 2020

High and increasing market share versus OTC trading





Source: Moscow Exchange data, Bank of Russia

Data before the launch of obligatory reporting to repository are unavailable

Repo trading volumes only. Data before the launch of obligatory reporting to repository are unavailable

Strategy 2024: mission, areas of responsibility and areas of development





Key drivers of F&C Income growth through 2024

			CAGR ¹
	Macro	GDP growthInflationForeign trade turnover	+3-4%
	Core Markets Penetration	 Primary market development (capital raising by companies, incl. SMEs) Development of Derivatives Market and Standardized OTC Derivatives Expansion of trading hours and the product line Market data 	+3-4%
0 0 0	Financial Platform	 Registrar of financial transactions Transit 2.0 	
0))))	Balance Sheet Management	Corporate MarketplaceOTC services	+3-4% in aggregate
	Market Gateway	 Financial products Marketplace Investment Marketplace 	

~10% per annum in total

Effect on



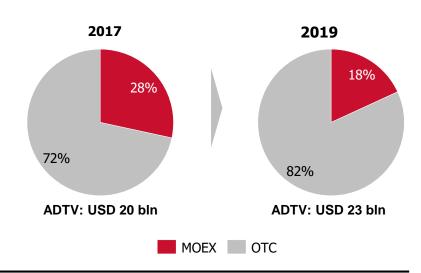
18

NTPro acquisition profile

What is the structure of the deal?

- Phased acquisition of up to 100% of BierbaumPro AG, a parent company owning 100% of NTProgress;
- NTProgress is BierbaumPro's main asset;
- NTProgress runs and develops the proprietary OTC FX trading platform called NTPro;
- MOEX acquired a 25% stake. Further consolidation depends on NTPro's performance;
- The entire deal might take up to 3 years. The final price is also conditional.

Russian FX market SPOT volumes migrate to OTC

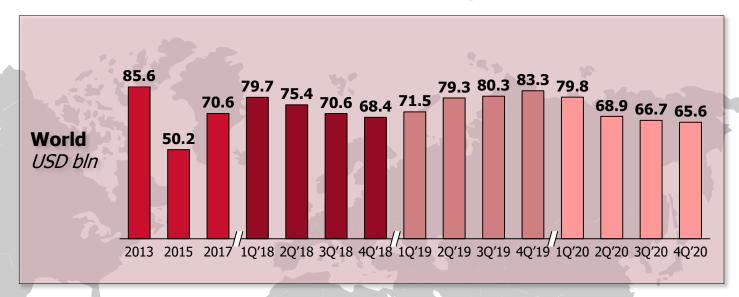


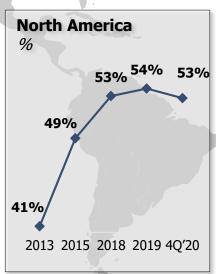
Deal rationale

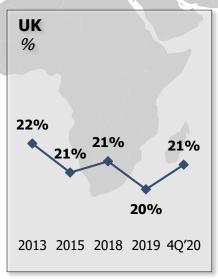
- Since its launch in 2016, NTProgress has become one of the leading platforms on the Russian electronic OTC FX market
- NTProgress has a client base of more than 30 banks, presence in Moscow & London, capability to service global clients
- The platform offers solutions for liquidity aggregation, matching and algo execution across multiple FX instruments
- NTPro's SPOT-only ADTV in 2019 reached USD 4.5bln, exceeding MOEX's USD 4.1bln
- The deal fits MOEX Group Strategy 2024, addresses new trends and challenges on global and Russian FX market
- Global exchange peers such as Deutsche Boerse, BATS, Euronext, etc made similar acquisitions
- NTPro has potential synergies with MOEX in post-trade and risk management

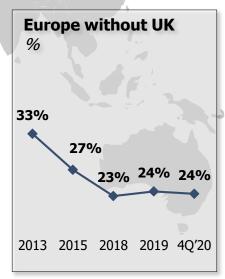


Reported international funds' holdings of Russian equities





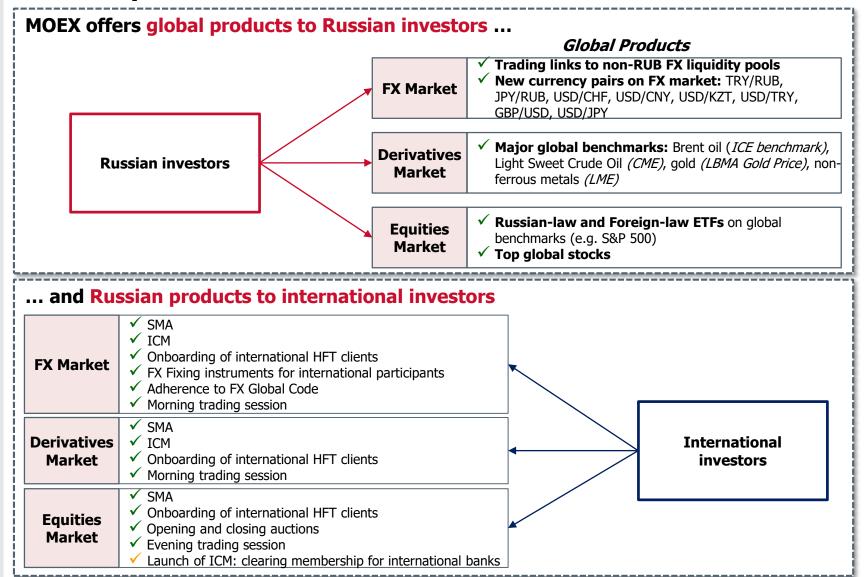




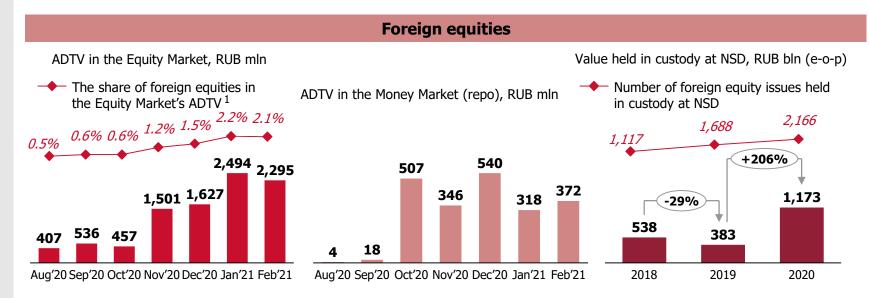


- share in total holdings

Global products and international investors

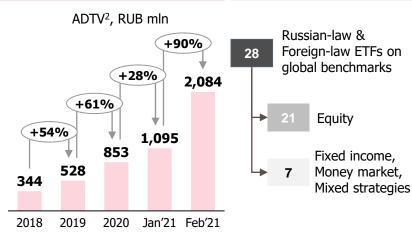


Diversification opportunities: foreign securities on MOEX

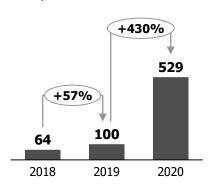


Eurobonds

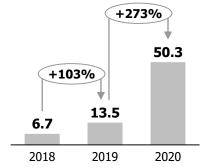
Russian-law & Foreign-law ETFs on global benchmarks



28 ETFs on global benchmarks ADTV², RUB mln



21 ETFs on global equity benchmarks Net Asset Value (NAV), RUB bln

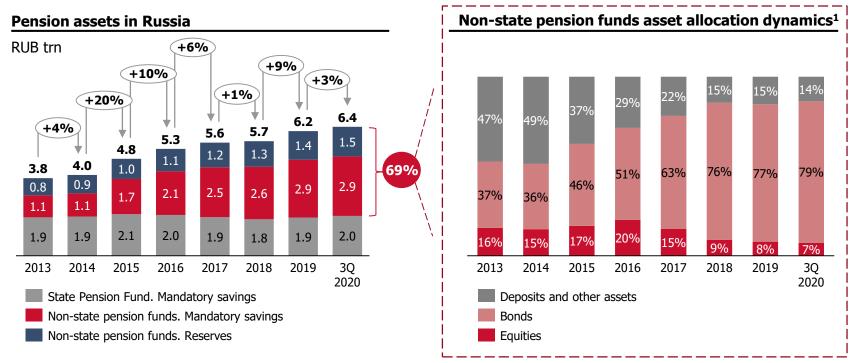




1 - EOB and Negotiated deals modes. Excluding trading volumes of Russian-law and Foreign-law ETFs

2 – EOB and Negotiated deals modes Source: Moscow Exchange

Local institutional investors: the potential of **pension funds**



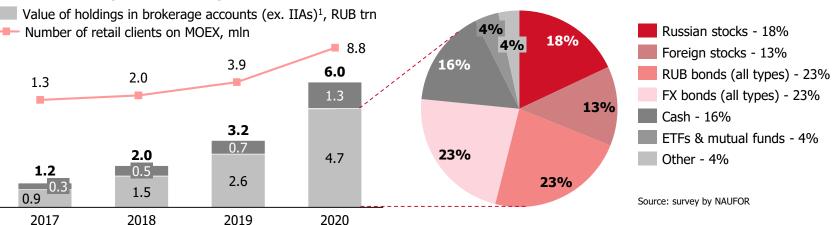
Key highlights of the pension reform

- Bank of Russia became a regulator of the pension system in 2013
- Adopted changes in non-state pension fund regulation:
 - "One year non-loss" rule was abolished
 - Investment horizon of NPFs was extended to 5 years
 - Customers are now incentivized to stay with the fund for not less than 5 years
 - Guarantee fund mechanism (similar to the Deposit Insurance Agency in the banking system)
 - New allocations to NPFs remained under moratorium until 2019, which reduced growth potential and left room for organic growth only



Local retail investors: ongoing growth

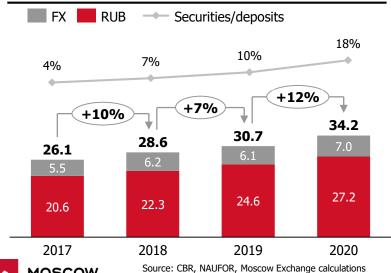
Retail investment dynamics (values by NAUFOR) FY'20 retail brokerage accounts (ex. IIAs) ownership Value of holdings in IIAs & managed accounts¹, RUB trn



Bank deposits of retail investors

MOSCOW

EXCHANGE

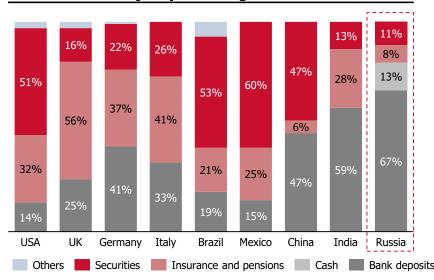


Comments

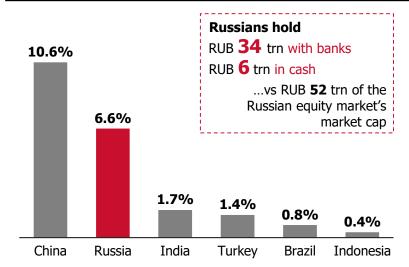
- Self-managed retail holdings in Russian stocks are RUB 0.94 trn as per NAUFOR data, or 1.8%² of the Russian equity MCap at FY'20.
- Estimated² net inflow of self-managed retail investors' funds in Russian stocks in 2020 was RUB 207.5 bln or USD 2.8 bln (Δ value of holdings adjusted for cap. gains and dividends).
- The value of retail investors' holdings constitutes 18% of retail banking deposits as of end-2020.
- Top-3 asset classes held by retail brokerage accounts are: 46% bonds (all types), 32% stocks (local+foreign), 16% cash.
- Banking deposits added 12% YoY in 2020 despite accelerated growth of investments in securities, indicating further potential for conversion. 24
- Including: (1) brokerage IIAs, (2) AM IIAs, (3) AM managed accounts and (4) brokerage accounts
- Moscow Exchange estimates

Retail money: aiming to grow the culture of investing

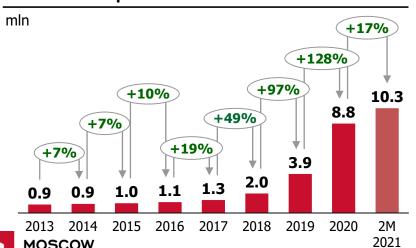
Russians hold majority of savings in banks and cash¹



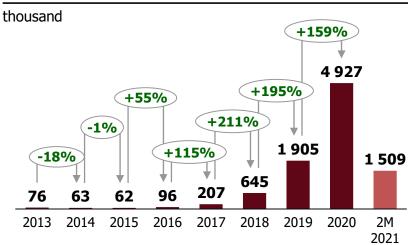
Unique retail clients as % of population²



Number of unique retail clients



New retail clients (net)





Sources: World Bank, Allianz, CBR, Moscow Exchange 1 As of the end of 2018, Russia - 2019

Russia — 2021, Turkey - 2018, Indonesia, Brazil — 2019, China — as of 2019 beginning

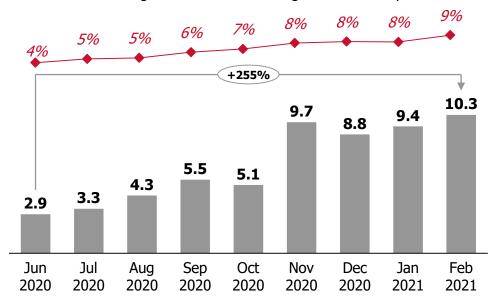
The start of evening trading session on the Equities Market

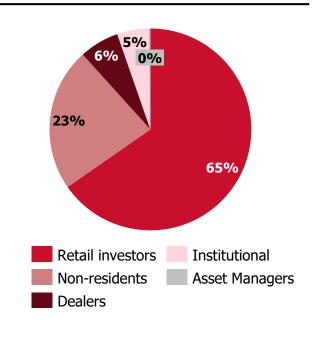
Average Daily Trading Volume (ADTV)¹

Breakdown by client type

RUB bln

→ Share of evening session in total trading volumes on Equities Market



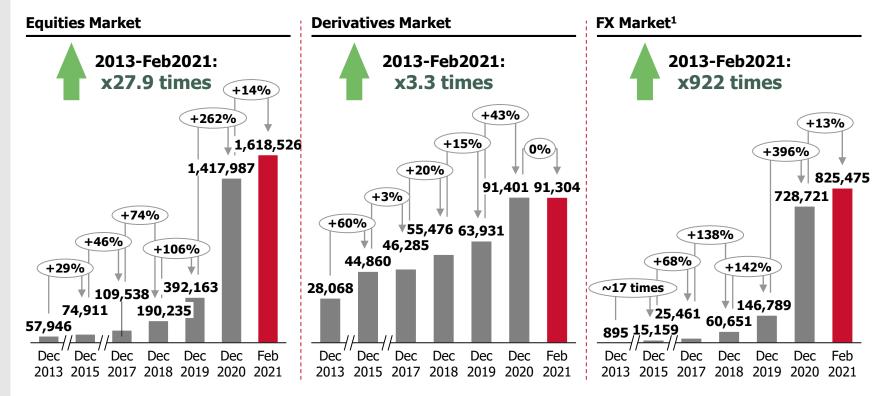


- On 22 June 2020, the 25 most liquid stocks from the MOEX Russia Index were admitted to after-hours trading
- On 3 August 2020, all stocks from MOEX Russia Index were admitted to after-hours equity trading
- On 24 August 2020, foreign shares were added to after-hours
- On 21 September 2020, MAIL, QIWI, POGR and RSTI were admitted to evening trading session
- On 9 November 2020, all ETFs and 3 Russian-law ETFs were admitted to evening trading session. On 3 March 2021, 1 more Russian-law ETF was admitted.
- **Record high share of retail investors** has traded during the after-hours session, in line with the Exchange's expectations



Retail clients: a growing segment of the Russian financial market

Number of active retail client accounts



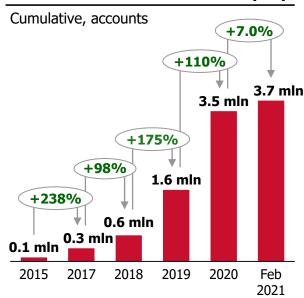
Regulatory changes stimulating retail participation in financial market:

- Introduction of tax-advantaged **individual investment accounts (IIAs)** for private investors since 2015
- IIAs turned even more relevant in 2021, when bond coupons and interest on deposit (principal > RUB 1mln) became taxable
- **Tax exemption** on capital gains on securities held for 3+ years (up to RUB 9 mln for securities purchased after 1 Jan 2014)
- Retail investors can remotely open a brokerage account. It is particularly important in Russia's far-flung regions.

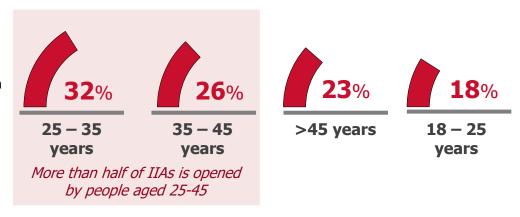


Individual Investment Accounts (IIA) in detail

Individual Investment Accounts (IIA)

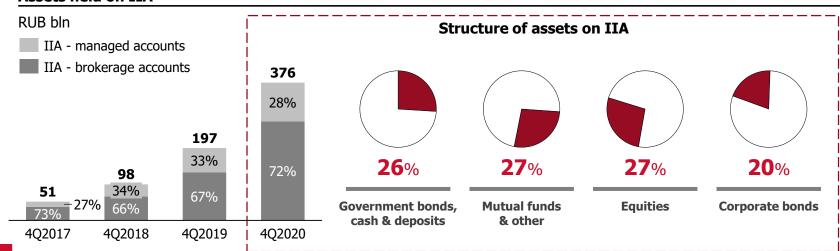


IIA owners by age



- Top regions by the number of IIA are Moscow (11%), Moscow region (6%) and St. Petersburg (5%)
- More than 75% of IIA are opened in other regions of Russia

Assets held on IIA





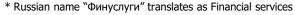
MOEX Marketplace: Finuslugi* online platform



Deposits	Insurance	Loans	Investment products
✓ Trial launch (Sep'20)	✓ Added in Nov'20	✓ Unsecured loans	✓ OFZ-N
✓ Commercial launch (Oct′20)	✓ 16 insurance co's (Mar'20)	✓ Other types	✓ Other types
✓ 7 banks connected via API (Mar'20)	✓ OSAGO **		
✓ Long-term deposits	✓ KASKO ***		
✓ Short-term deposits	✓ Other types		

Customer journey stages & corresponding solutions provided by MOEX

- (1) Websites of financial services aggregators work as rebroadcasting interfaces. Marketplace integration with aggregators' websites.
- (2) Client registration with logging via gosuslugi.ru (online state services portal with 100+mln users). Marketplace login interface.
- (3) One-time physical identification offline with a courier, then KYC stage. Pending legislation on biometric identification.
- (4) Deposit contract request and confirmation with e-signatures. Marketplace personal account interface.
- (5) Money transfer to the deposit account using NSD's and CBR's frameworks (FPS). NSD's payment system.
- (6) Deposit opening confirmation with a notice of FTR record stored at NSD and covered by the DIA. NSD's FTR functionality.
- (7) A client uses the marketplace as an internet bank to manage deposits (additions, withdrawals, etc.) in real-time.



^{**} Compulsory motor insurance act

*** Comprehensive coverage insurance act



FTR - Financial Transactions Registrar at NSD

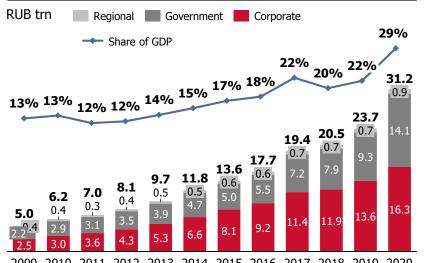
FPS – CBR's Faster Payments System

DIA – State Deposit Insurance Agency



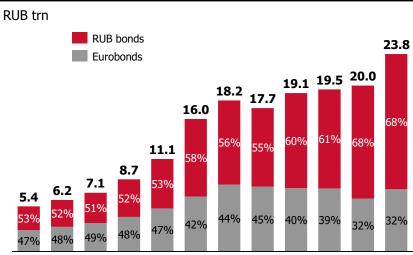
Bond market – why we are strong believers

Growth of outstanding local bonds



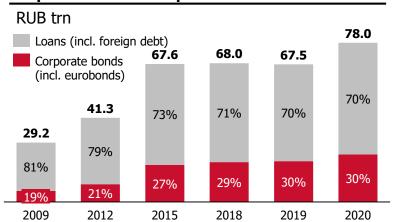
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

Local bonds vs Eurobonds of Russian corporates¹

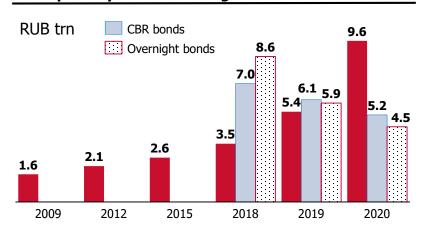


2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

Corporate loans vs corporate bonds in Russia



Bond primary market trading volume





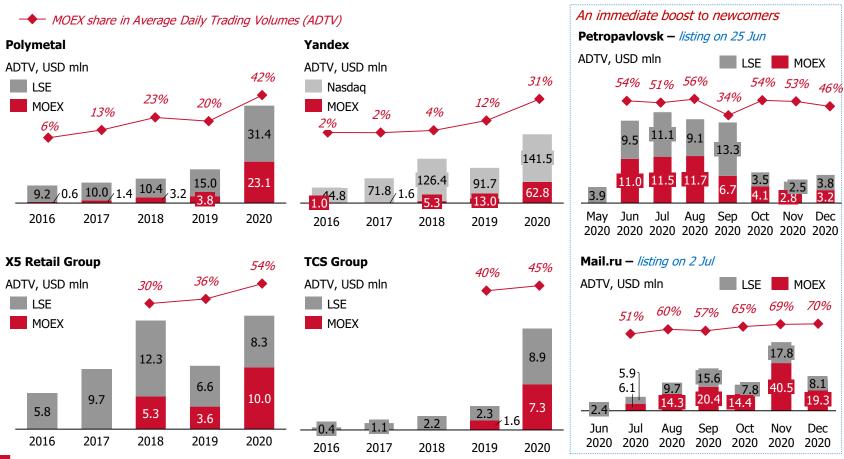
Trend of local placements continued Capital raisings on MOEX

Company	Date	Transaction type	Transaction value, RUB bln
Lukoil	January 2018	SPO	10.0
X5 Retail Group	February 2018	Listing	
Interrao	March 2018	SPO	4.3
Raven Property	October 2018	Listing	
2018 Total			14.3
Norilsk Nickel'	March 2019	SPO	36.3
LSR Group (dual)	April 2019	SPO	5.8
Polyus (dual)	April 2019	SPO	25.5
NLMK	June 2019	SPO	25.6
Gazprom	July 2019	SPO	139.1
PIK	October 2019	SPO	4.8
TCS Group	October 2019	Listing	
Credit Bank of Moscow	November 2019	SPO	14.7
Detsky Mir	November 2019	SPO	15.9
Gazprom	November 2019	SPO	187.7
2019 Total			455.4
Etalon	February 2020	Listing	
Detsky Mir	June 2020	SPO	11.0
Yandex <i>(dual)</i>	June 2020	SPO	27.9
Petropavlovsk	June 2020	Listing	
Mail.ru	July 2020	Listing	
Detsky Mir	September 2020	SPO	20.7
HeadHunter	September 2020	Listing	
Sovcomflot	October 2020	IPO	42.9
Aeroflot	October 2020	SPO	80.0
Globaltrans	October 2020	Listing	
Samolet	October 2020	IPO	2.9
MD Medical Group	November 2020	Listing	
Ozon <i>(dual)</i>	November 2020	IPO	75.0
O`Key Group	December 2020	Listing	
2020 Total			185.4
Svetofor Group	January 2021	IPO	0.3
Fix Price (dual)	March 2021	IPO	
2021YTD Total		<u>-</u> . 0	0.3



MOEX listings of Russian companies incorporated abroad

- 15 Russian companies incorporated abroad have obtained a secondary listing on Moscow Exchange
- Listing on MOEX has **substantially increased their total liquidity**; MOEX's share in trading volumes is growing
- POLY, YNDX, FIVE, TCS, MAIL, HHRU were included in the MOEX Russia Index
- Polymetal and Yandex stocks & depositary receipts of X5 Retail Group and Mail.ru were added to the MSCI Russia Index
- These companies' share in total Equities Market volumes approached 20% in 3Q'20 following the inclusion of Yandex in MSCI Russia





70%

8.1

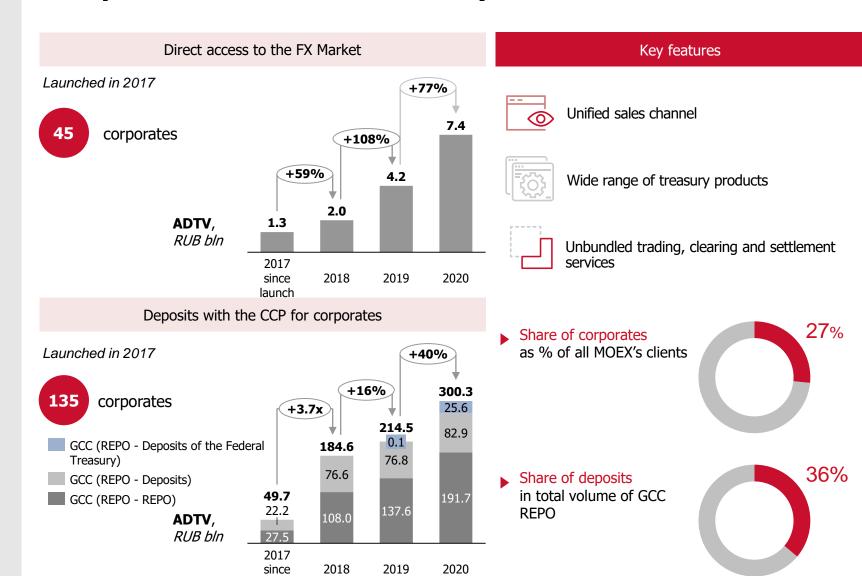
Dec

2020

Corporates on the FX and Money Markets

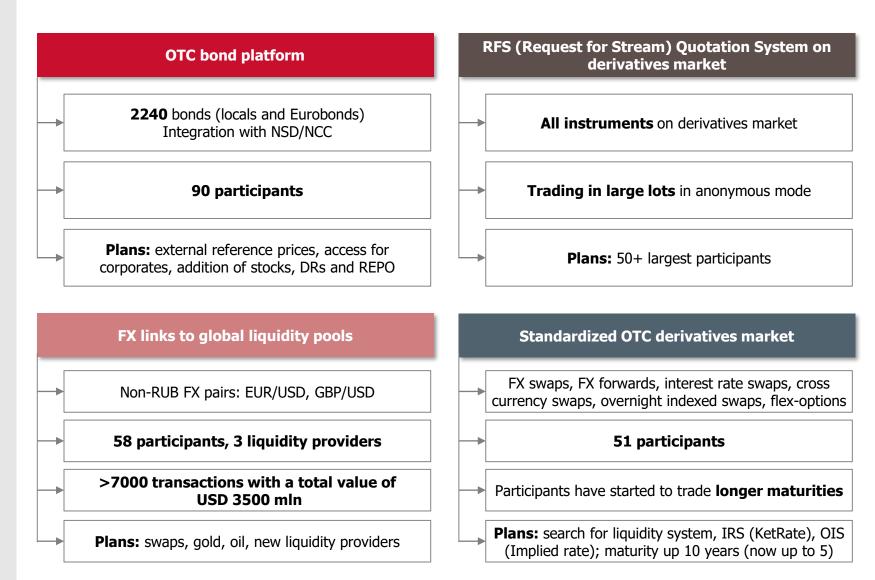
launch

Source: Moscow Exchange





MOEX OTC platforms and solutions



Unified Collateral Pool: a strategic project completed

Timeline and latest developments

☑ Completed Dec '17: phase 1

Single account Unified collateral Netting of settlements

☑ Completed May '18: phase 2

Cross-margining bridge for spot and derivatives

☑ Completed

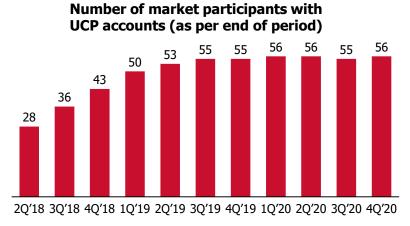
Aug '18: 1st tariff hike for UCP participants

- **+3%** for CCP repo
- +10% for FX swaps

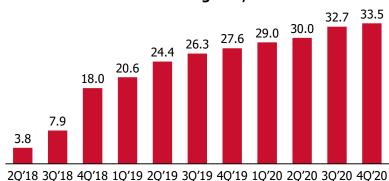
☑ Completed

Nov' 18: 2nd tariff hike on top of the 1st one

- +3% for CCP repo
- **+10%** for FX swaps
- +10% for all derivatives
- The UCP take-up continued to grow, accounting for 33.5% of total trading F&C in 4Q'20 compared to 27.6% in 4Q'19.
- UCP accounts represent ~45% of fees and volumes in the Derivatives Market, the cornerstone market of the UCP.
- On 1 November 2018 a universal tariff hike took place as scheduled. The UCP-linked tariff revision is now complete.
- New tariffs will incentivize market participants to use UCP capabilities more actively and speed up onboarding.



Share of F&C from UCP accounts in total trading F&C, %





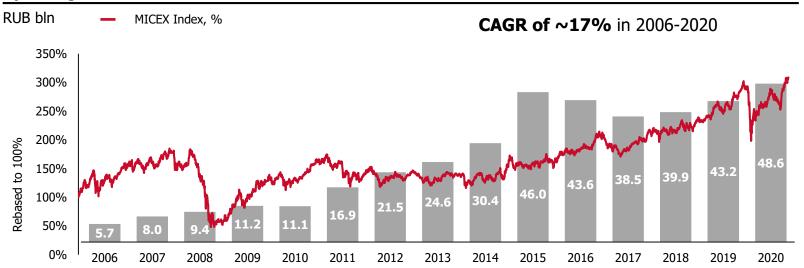
Source: Moscow Exchange

- Business overview
- Corporate governance and dividends
- Market position and competitive strategy
- Financial track record
- 4Q 2020 update



MOEX business model continues to deliver

Operating income¹

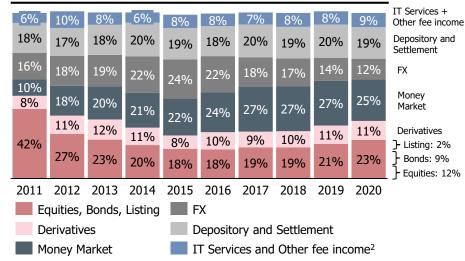


Key highlights

Unique business model allows MOEX to increase operating income regardless of the stage of the economic cycle:

- Business lines are diversified, while markets have limited growth correlation
- Growth drivers differ across markets and products

Fee & commission income evolution¹





According to Moscow Exchange Consolidated Financial Statements for the relevant period

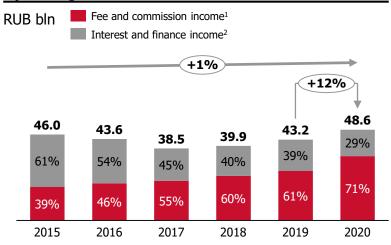
RTS data is consolidated from 29 June 2011

IT Services and Other fee income includes Information services, Sale of software and technical services and Other fee income

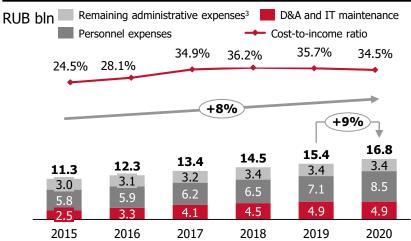
2020 summary of financials



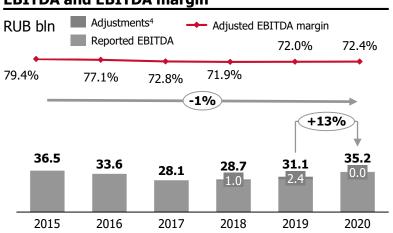




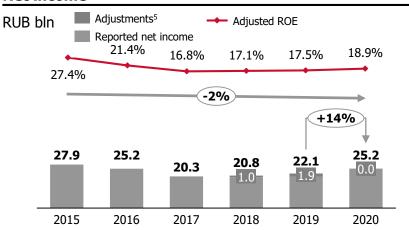
Operating expenses (excluding provisions)



EBITDA and EBITDA margin



Net income



- 1 Includes Other operating income
- 2 Includes Interest and other finance income, Interest expense, Net gain on financial assets AFS/FVTOCI and Foreign exchange gains less losses
- Remaining administrative expenses are calculated as General and administrative expenses less Depreciation of property and equipment, Amortisation of intangible assets and Equipment and intangible assets maintenance
- Adjustments are related to 1) IFRS 9 movement in allowance for ECLs and 2) one-off provisions in FY 2018, FY 2019 and FY 2020
- Adjustments are related to 1) IFRS 9 movement in allowance for ECLs, 2) change in amortization schedules and 3) one-off provisions in FY 2018, FY 2019 and FY 2020

Fee & commission income: strong and sustainable growth

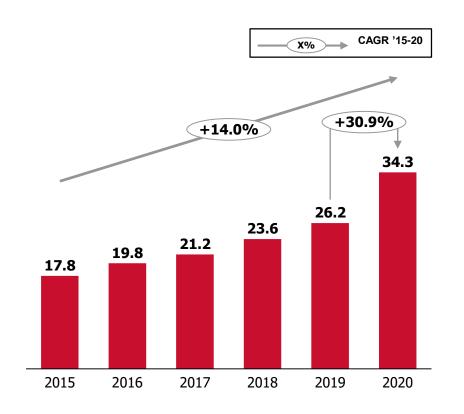
Fee and commission income (F&C)

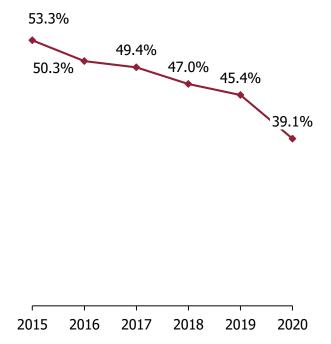
RUB bln

F&C income for 2020 increased 30.9% YoY

Cost (excl. D&A & provisions) to F&C ratio

F&C growth was delivered in a cost efficient way



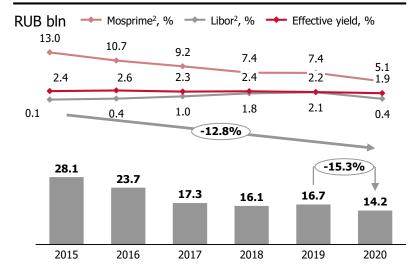




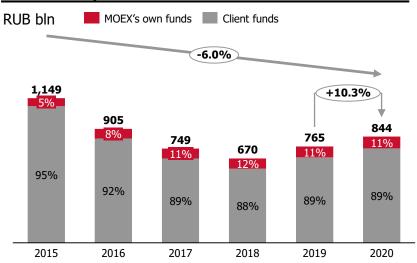
Interest and finance income



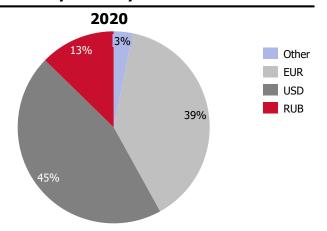
Interest and finance income¹



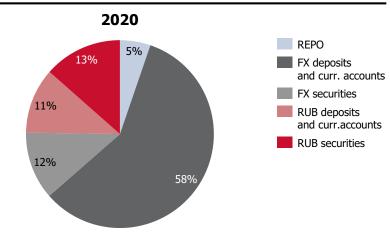
Investment portfolio sources³



Client funds by currency



Investment portfolio by type of asset



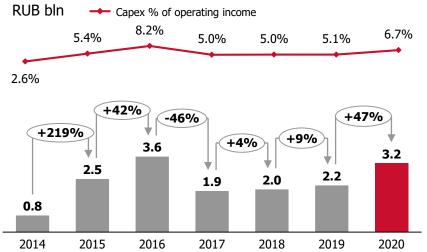


Source: NFEA, Bloomberg, Moscow Exchange operational information and Consolidated Financial Statements

- 1 Includes Interest and other finance income, Interest expense, Net gain on financial assets AFS/FVTOCI and Foreign exchange gains less losses
- 2 Average daily rate for the period
- 3 Based on average daily investment portfolio sources for the period according to management accounts

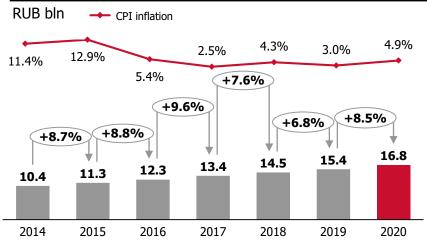
CAPEX and OPEX: 2020-2021

Capital expenditures



- 2020 CAPEX was RUB 3.24 bln, which is above the guided range of RUB 2.6-2.8 bln. The difference is fully explained by frontloading a part of the expenses on software and licenses.
- In 2021, the CAPEX guidance range is RUB 3.0-4.0 bln.
- The 2020 split between maintenance and development CAPEX was 60% maintenance / 40% development. High share of maintenance is largely explained by the transition to remote working.
- The top 5 projects account for 24% of CAPEX, with the Marketplace consuming RUB 0.5 bln.

Operating expenses (excluding provisions)



- The actual growth of OPEX in 2020 was 8.5% YoY, hitting the upper limit of the revised guidance range of 7.5-8.5%.
- The main driver of OPEX growth in 2020 was personnel expense, which increased 18.9% mainly driven by an increase in the number of employees.
- The 2021 OPEX growth guidance range is 11.0-14.0% YoY.
 The option to spend on Marketplace marketing adds up to 6% to the aforementioned range. The composition is:

5-6 p.p. YoY – business as usual

6-8 p.p. YoY – a family of development projects

0-6 p.p. YoY – Marketplace marketing option



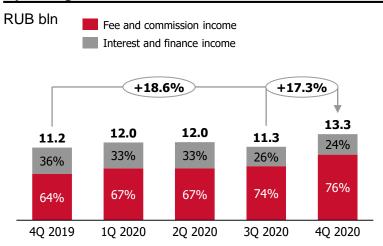
Source: Moscow Exchange, gks.ru

- Business overview
- Corporate governance and dividends
- Market position and competitive strategy
- Financial track record
- 4Q 2020 update

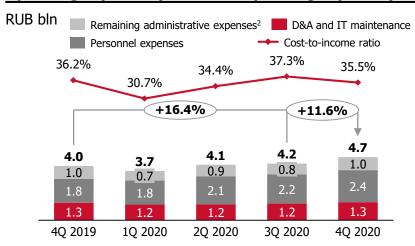


4Q 2020 summary of financials

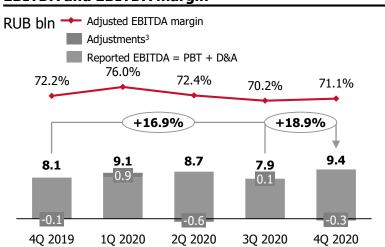
Operating income¹



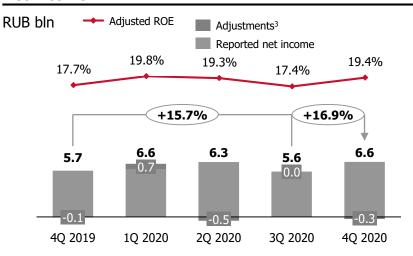
Operating expenses (excl. other operating expenses)



EBITDA and EBITDA margin



Net income



MOSCOW EXCHANGE

Source: Moscow Exchange

Includes Other operating income, Interest and other finance income, Interest expense, Net gain on financial assets at FVTOCI and Foreign exchange gains less losses

Includes Remaining administrative expenses are calculated as General and administrative expenses less D&A and Equipment and intangible assets maintenance 42

Adjustments are related to 1) IFRS 9 movement in allowance for ECLs and 2) one-off provisions' accrual/release

Diversified fee and commission income

Fee & commission income performance, RUB bln

Fee & commission income breakdov

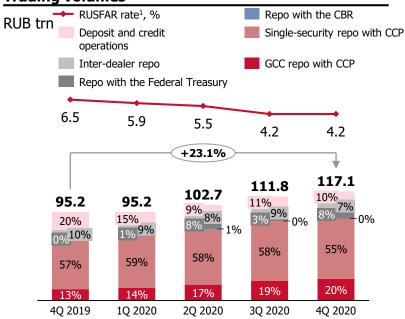
RUB bin	4Q 2019	4Q 2020	Change YoY, bln		5Y CAGR 2015-20	RUB bln	10.05	
Money Market	1.77	2.58	0.81	45.9%	17.3%		10%	Fixed Income Market ITSLOFI¹ Derivatives Market
Depository and							10%	FX Market Equities Market
Settlement	1.43	2.02	0.60	41.9%	<i>13.5%</i> 	7.10	11%	Depository and Settlement Money Market
Equities Market	0.70	1.18	0.47	67.4%	 20.8%	11%	11%	
FX Market	0.86	1.14	0.29	33.2%	 <i>-0.2%</i> 	11%	12%	
Derivatives Market	0.78	1.10	0.32	40.6%	21.8%	10%	20%	
ITSLOFI¹	0.80	1.04	0.23	29.0%	15.5%	20%	26%	
Fixed Income Market	0.76	0.99	0.23	29.8%	20.0%	25%	2070	_
					_ .	4Q 2019	4Q 2020	



4Q 2020

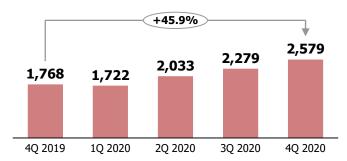
Money Market





Fee & commission income

RUB mln



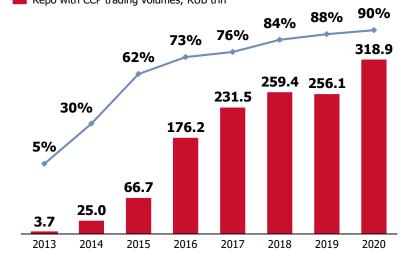
MOSCOW EXCHANGE

Trading volumes of repo with CCP

RUB trn, %

Share of repo with CCP (both single-security and GCC) in total² repo volumes

Repo with CCP trading volumes, RUB trln



Comments

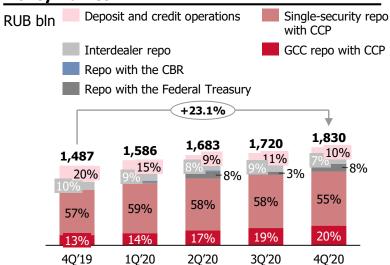
- F&C income grew 45.9% YoY. Trading volumes increased 23.1% YoY.
- The discrepancy between the YoY dynamics of F&C income and volumes was due to: [1] an expansion of average repo terms, [2] higher shares of CCP and GCC repo in total volumes.
- GCC repo volumes increased by 91.6% YoY, supported by higher demand for this type of repo and the Federal Treasury deposits' open interest and term.
- The share of CCP repo in total² repo volumes stood at 90% in 2020.

- Overnight rate, average for the period
- Excluding Non-CCP repo volumes with the CBR and the Federal Treasury

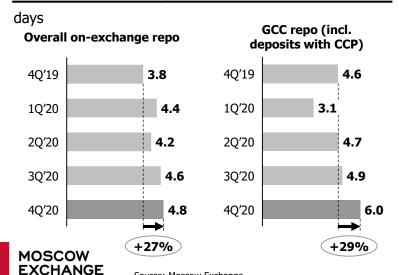
4Q 2020

Money Market: recent trends

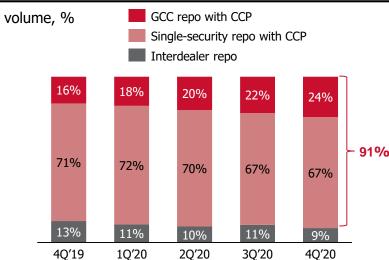
Money Market ADTV



Average repo term dynamics

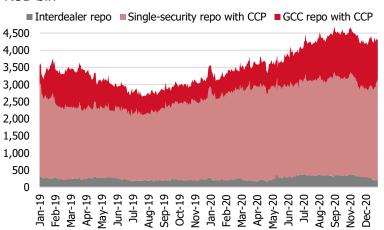


High share of CCP repo¹



Stable to growing open interest supports F&C income¹

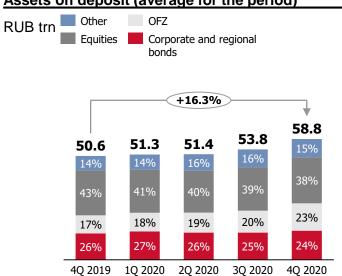
RUB bln



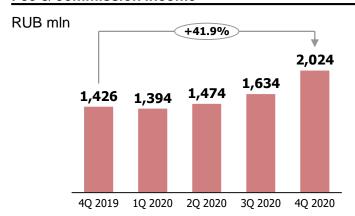
Depository and Settlement Services



Assets on deposit (average for the period)

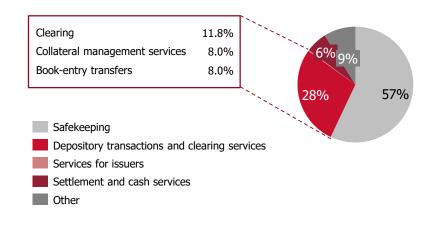


Fee & commission income



Fee & commission income breakdown

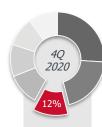
4Q 2020



Comments

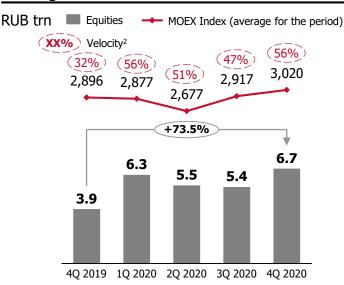
- F&C income added 41.9% YoY; average assets on deposit grew by 16.3% YoY.
- The YoY growth in assets on deposit was registered across all asset classes: federal government bonds were up 50.8% YoY, corporate and regional bonds were up 10.3% YoY, equities were up 2.6% YoY.
- F&C income growth compared to 4Q'19 was driven mainly by safekeeping, depository transactions and clearing services.
- The discrepancy between growth rates of F&C income and assets on deposit is the result of business lines beyond safekeeping, primarily clearing and collateral management services, which are a reflection of repo operations at the NSD.

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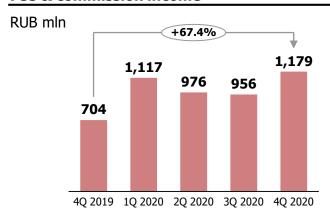


Equities Market

Trading volumes1



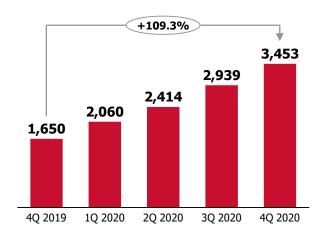
Fee & commission income



MOSCOW EXCHANGE

Increasing popularity of Individual Investment Accounts

Individual Investment Accounts, thousands, end-of-period



Comments

- Equity trading volumes and F&C income grew 73.5% YoY and 67.4% YoY, respectively.
- The average level of IMOEX index in 4Q'20 reached an all-time high, contributing to the growth in volumes and fee income.
- Insignificant discrepancy between F&C income and trading volume dynamics was due to the tariff structure that provides fee incentives for higher volume traded.
- 4Q'20 trading velocity surged to reach the 1Q'20 level of 56%.
- 19 ETFs were admitted to after-hours (a.k.a. evening) trading session. Evening trading now amounts to approx. 9% of ADTV.
- MOEX's market share vs LSE in trading of dual-listed stocks was at an all-time high of 79% in 2020 (up from 69% in 2019).

Source: Moscow Exchange, WFE

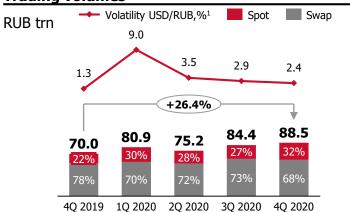
Volumes of both primary and secondary markets

Velocity is calculated as annualized trading volumes for the period divided by the average market capitalization



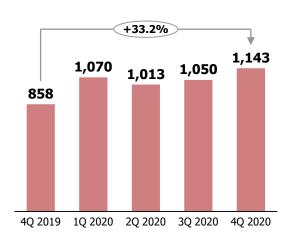
FX Market

Trading volumes



Fee & commission income

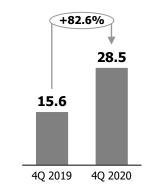
RUB mln



MOSCOW EXCHANGE

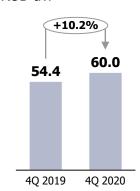
Spot trading volumes

RUB trn



Swap trading volumes

RUB trn



Comments

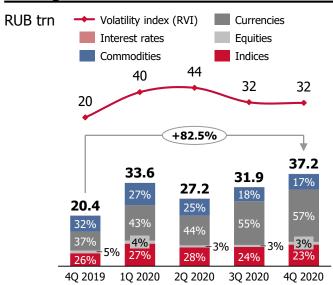
- Fee income increased by 33.2% YoY on the back of trading volume growth of 26.4% YoY.
- Spot volumes were up 82.6% YoY, driving the favorable change in volume mix. Swap and forward volumes improved by 10.2% YoY.
- The share of retail in the spot market volumes reached nearly 13% in 4Q'20 (8% in 4Q'19) as the number of active retail clients was up nearly 5x to 730,000².
- ADTV of corporates increased ~50% YoY in 4Q'20.
- USD/RUB spot trading volumes doubled YoY, being the largest contributor to spot market growth among FX pairs.
- MOEX's 4Q'20 market share vs onshore OTC approached 46% vs 43% in 4Q'19.
- In FY'20, large trades (a.k.a. speed bump) mode volumes were up 5x times. Combined trading volumes in OTCT and OTCF modes (a.k.a. links to foreign liquidity providers) increased 2x times.

- Calculated as daily standard deviation for the period divided by the average value for the period
- 2 As of 31.12.2020

11% 4Q 2020

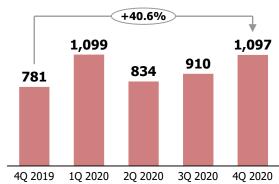
Derivatives Market

Trading volumes



Fee & commission income

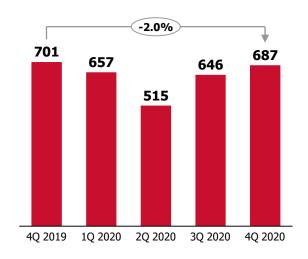
RUB mln



MOSCOW EXCHANGE

Open interest

RUB bln



Comments

- F&C grew 40.6% YoY, trading volumes increased by 82.5% YoY.
- Trading volumes of FX derivatives almost tripled YoY, largely driving volume growth.
- Index derivatives volumes added 66.8% YoY, while volumes of equity derivatives were virtually flat, adding only 2.6% YoY.
- Trading volumes of commodity contracts declined by 3.6% YoY.
- The share of options in the trading volume mix decreased YoY to 3.7% (from 6.3% in 4Q'19) and stood unchanged QoQ.
- The effective fee was down YoY due to: [1] a shift in the mix towards less profitable FX and index derivatives (80% in 4Q'20 vs 63% in 4Q'19), [2] lower share of options.

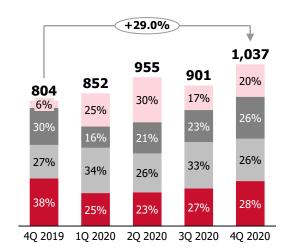


IT Services, Listing and Other Fee Income (ITSLOFI)

ITSLOFI¹

RUB mln

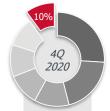
- Other fee and commission income
- Listing and other fees related to Securities Market
- Information services
- Sale of software and technical services



Comments

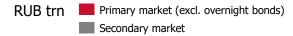
- Listing and other fees related to the Securities Market increased by 13.5% YoY.
- Sales of information services rose by 27.0% YoY, mainly due to a weaker RUB and expansion of the client base.
- Sales of software and technical services decreased by 5.7% YoY.
- Other fee and commission income was up more than 4x YoY explained by the introduction of the additional fee on EUR balances.
- The additional fee for recording individual clearing collateral on EUR balances is 0.2% on top of the ECB rate, effective 1 January 2020.

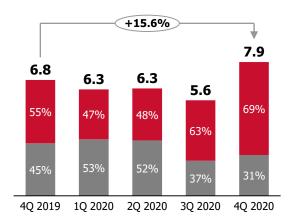




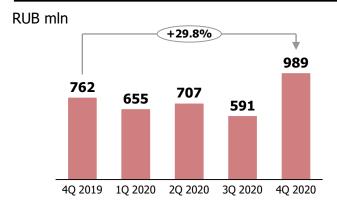
Fixed Income Market

Trading volumes¹



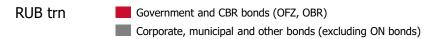


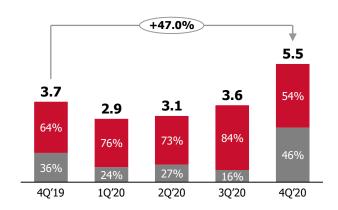
Fee & commission income



MOSCOW EXCHANGE

Primary market (excluding overnight bonds)



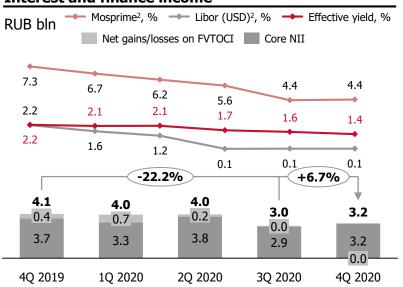


Comments

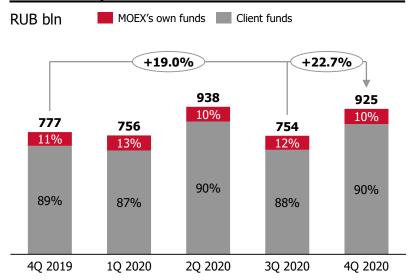
- Fee income expanded 29.8% YoY with trading volumes (excl. overnight bonds) increasing by 15.6% YoY.
- Primary market volumes (excluding overnight bonds) improved 47.0% YoY. Bond placements on MOEX hit a new high in 4Q'20. Corporate placements nearly doubled YoY due to the accommodating interest rate environment.
- Secondary trading volumes decreased 22.2% YoY as buy-and-hold approach prevailed, particularly in OFZs. Secondary trading of OFZ was down 24.7% YoY, other bonds declined 18.0% YoY.
- The effective fee dynamics was supported by a higher fraction of corporate placements and OFZs and a lower fraction of shortterm OBRs in the primary market.

Interest and finance income in 4Q'20

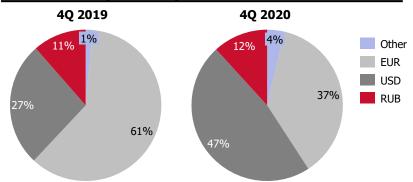
Interest and finance income¹



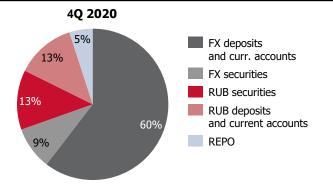
Investment portfolio sources³



Client funds by currency



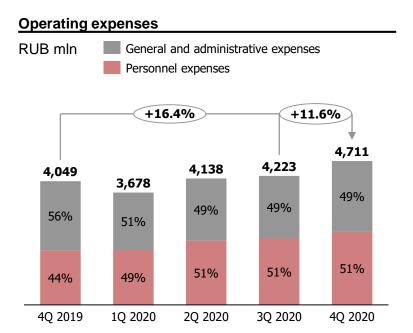
Investment portfolio by type of asset



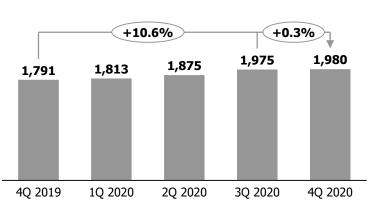
Source: NFA, Bloomberg, Moscow Exchange

- 1 Interest and other finance income, Interest expense, Net gain on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and Foreign exchange gains less losses
- Average daily rate for the period
- 3 Based on average daily investment portfolio sources for the period according to management accounts

Operating expenses in 4Q'20 (excl. provisions)



Headcount, number of employees EOP



Major expense items

RUB mln	4Q 2019	4Q 2020	Change YoY
Personnel expenses	1784.4	2389.2	33.9%
D&A and IT maintenance	1302.7	1347.8	3.5%
Remaining administrative expenses ¹	961.7	973.8	1.3%
Total OPEX	4048.8	4710.8	16.4%
Cost / Income Ratio	36.2%	35.5%	-0.7 p.p.

Comments

- OPEX for 4Q'20 added 16.4% YoY, largely explained by the growth in personnel expenses.
- Personnel expenses growth of 33.9% YoY decomposes into: [1] 10.4 p.p. headcount growth, [2] 8.8 p.p. extra bonus accruals resulting from outperformance on KPIs, [3] 7.4 p.p. net LTIP effect, [4] 7.2 p.p. other factors, incl. general wage increases.
- Half of OPEX growth is explained by the extra bonus provision triggered by the strong financial performance and the new LTIP effect that kicked in from July 2020 onwards.
- D&A and IT maintenance added 3.5% YoY, driven by a 29.3% YoY increase in equipment & intangible assets maintenance.
- CAPEX for 4Q'20 was RUB 1.02 bln and RUB 3.24 bln for 12M'20.



Source: Moscow Exchange

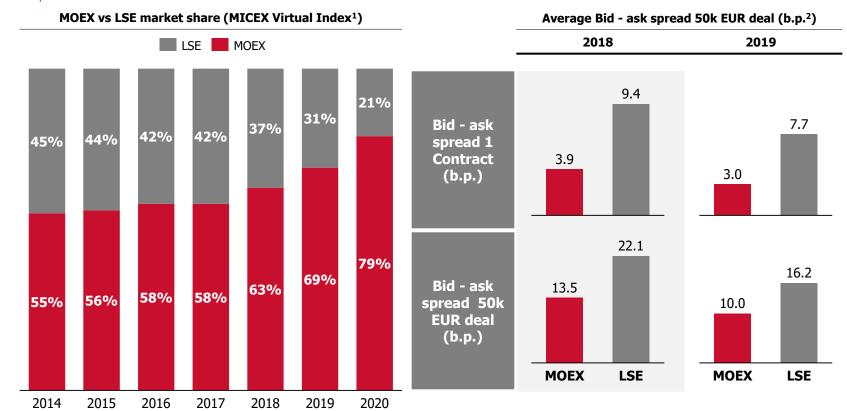
Remaining administrative expenses are calculated as General and administrative expenses less Depreciation of property and equipment, Amortisation of intangible assets, Equipment and intangible assets maintenance

Appendix



Dual listed stocks virtual index spread dynamics

Analysis provided by LiquidMetrix



- Moscow Exchange is the liquidity center for Russian securities with 79% market share in total trading volumes
- Aggregated spreads for most liquid dual listed stocks are substantially lower in Moscow implying lower all-in trading costs

Spreads measure the bid to offer spread of the best visible orders in the book, the result is based on measurements of the order books every 30 seconds



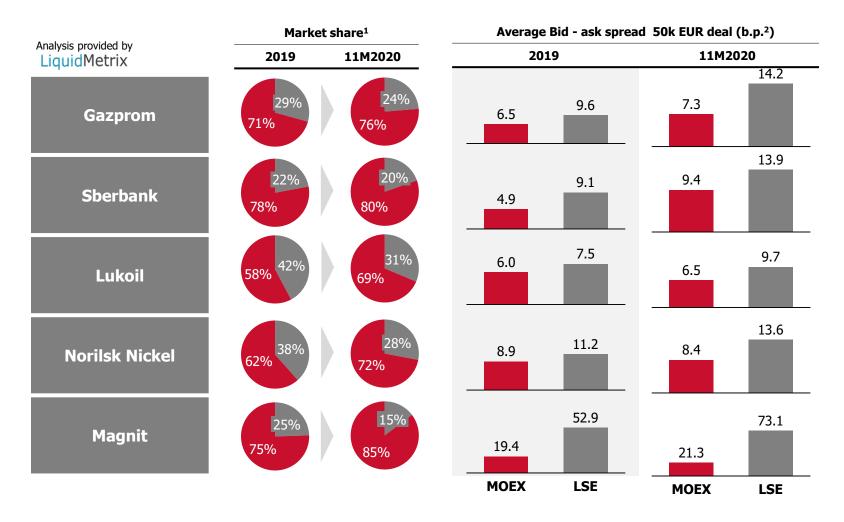
Data as of 02 January 2021

The value of the spread is quoted in basis points (0.01%)

Source: LiquidMetrix

MICEX Virtual Index – index calculated based on prices and EOB data of the most liquid Russian dual listed stocks. Data since December 2015 include trading auctions on MOEX. Data for March-April 2018, January-December 2020 are based on Bloomberg data for LSE, data for other periods were provided by Liquidmetrix. Dara for MOEX includes evening trading session.

Blue Chips bid - ask spread dynamics for 50k EUR deal (1)



Bid-ask spreads for majority of the Russian "Blue Chips" are substantially lower on Moscow Exchange than on other trading venues

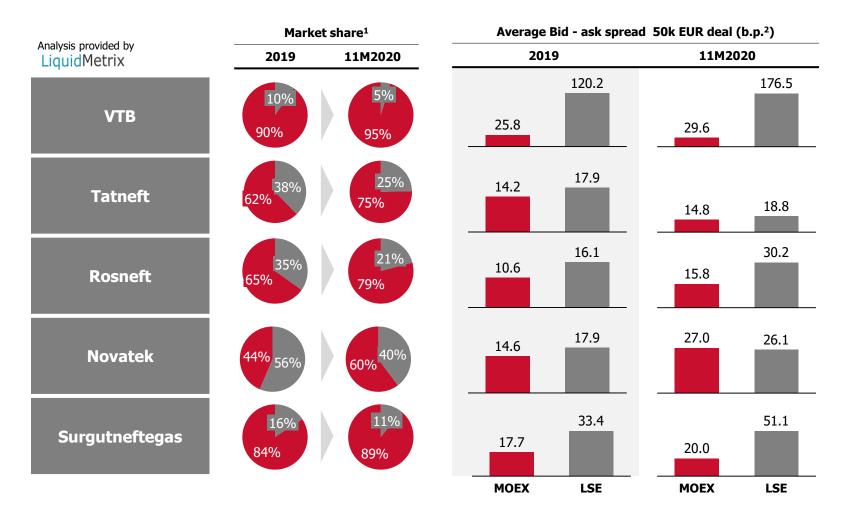


Data as of 08 December 2020

Spreads of Lukoil, Norilsk Nickel as of 3M2020

¹ Data since December 2015 include trading auctions on MOEX

Blue Chips bid - ask spread dynamics for 50k EUR deal (2)



Bid-ask spreads for majority of the Russian "Blue Chips" are substantially lower on Moscow Exchange than on other trading venues



Data as of 08 December 2020

¹ Data since December 2015 include trading auctions on MOEX

The value of the spread is quoted in basis points (0.01%) Source: LiquidMetrix, Bloomberg, Moscow Exchange Spreads of Tatneft as of 3M2020

DR holders pay substantial **EXTRA FEES** to depository banks

Fees to be paid to depositary bank for some of DR programs of Russian companies

DR program	Depositary bank	Depository Service Fee ¹ (DSF), USD per DR	Dividend Fee ² , USD per DR	DSF + Dividend Fee as % of dividend amount ³	DRs cancellatio ns fee, USD per DR
VTB Bank	BNY Mellon	0,020	0,004	70%	0,05
Surgutneftegaz	BNY Mellon	0,020	0,011	35%	0,05
FSK YeES	BNY Mellon	0,010	0,008	27%	0,05
TMK	BNY Mellon	0,020	0,019	25%	0,05
RusHydro	BNY Mellon	0,005	0,007	21%	0,05
Rosseti	BNY Mellon	0,020	0,020	16%	0,05
Phosagro	Citi	0,020	0,020	11%	0,05
Severstal	Deutsche Bank	0,040	-	10%	0,05
Megafon	BNY Mellon	0,030	0,020	9%	0,05
Rostelekom	JPM	0,010	0,020	7%	0,05
NLMK	Deutsche Bank	0,020	-	5%	0,05
Norilsk Nickel	BNY Mellon	0,010	0,020	4%	0,05
Rosneft	JPM	0,008	-	3%	0,05
Sberbank	JPM	0,008	0,020	3%	0,05
Magnit	JPM	0,008	-	2%	0,05
Tatneft	BNY Mellon	0,020	0,020	2%	0,05
Novatek	BNY Mellon	0,010	0,020	1%	0,05
Gazprom	BNY Mellon	-	0,020	1%	0,05
Lukoil	City	-	0,020	0%	0,05
Average		0.015	0.013	13%	0.05

Gross DSF and dividend fees calculated for Top-3 international funds holding DRs of Russian companies⁴

Fund A	1,806,750 USD
Fund B	735,181 USD
Fund C	555,932 USD

Cost of cancellation of all DRs in portfolios to local shares for Top-3 funds

Fund A	4,249,087 USD
Fund B	1,926,423 USD
Fund C	1,001,931 USD

- A depository service fee and a dividend fee are to be paid by a DR holder to the depositary bank while there are no such fees for holders of local shares
- Majority of DRs cancellations are also charged 0.05 USD per DR



- Service fees are charged annually, on an arbitrary date. Calculated based on number of DRs in a client's account on the record date
- 2 Dividend fees are charged when dividends are paid
- 3 As % of dividend amount after tax
- 4 Calculations based on Thomson One data as of June 2020

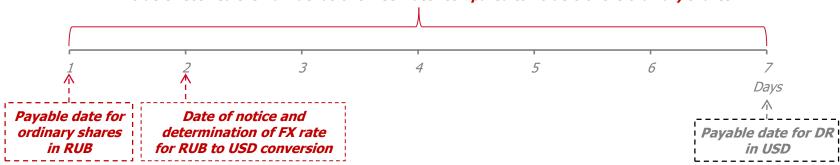
Dividend payments for DR holders

FX rate determination for dividends

- FX rates for conversion of dividends are determined in a non-transparent manner
- According to information from notices for DR holders³:
- Custodian DR issuer has no obligation to obtain the "best price" for any FX Trade
- The conversion rate reflects a foreign currency transaction ("FX Trade") executed by the Custodian - DR issuer as principal counterparty and not as agent, fiduciary or broker

Issuer	Record	Local Sh	nares	DR		
	date	Payable date	FX rate ¹	Payable date	FX rate ²	Diff.
LSR Group	12-May-20	26-May-20	70.8	2-Jun-20	71.9	1.5%
Acron	9-Jun-20	24-Jun-20	69.4	6-Jul-20	70.4	1.3%
MMK	17-Jun-20	7-Jul-20	70.8	14-Jul-20	71.7	1.3%
Rosseti	15-Jun-20	6-Jul-20	71.2	13-Jul-20	71.9	0.9%
Rosneft	15-Jun-20	3-Jul-20	71.1	14-Jul-20	71.7	0.9%
Tatneft	30-Dec-19	24-Jan-20	61.8	31-Jan-20	62.2	0.6%
PhosAgro	6-Jul-20	24-Jul-20	71.7	31-Jul-20	72.0	0.4%

DR holders received their dividends one week later compared to holders of the ordinary shares





Source: BNY Mellon, Deutsche Bank, JP Morgan, Citi, Moscow Exchange. Data as of 14.08.2020

- Average weighted USD/RUB FX rate at Moscow Exchange
- PX rate for dividends conversion
- Publicly available information on the Custodian DR issuer web site

Consolidated Statement of **Profit or Loss**

<i>2020</i> 34,268.2	2019	% chg.
34,268.2	26 101 4	
	26,181.4	31%
14,158.7	16,713.0	-15%
164.1	335.1	-51%
48,591.0	43,229.5	12%
-8,290.7	-8,321.4	0%
-8,459.3	-7,113.9	19%
-16,750.0	-15,435.3	9%
31,841.0	27,794.2	15%
-0.9	-2,614.8	-100%
-6,669.6	-4,978.8	34%
25,170.5	20,200.6	25%
11.16	8.96	25%
11.14	8.96	24%
	164.1 48,591.0 -8,290.7 -8,459.3 -16,750.0 31,841.0 -0.9 -6,669.6 25,170.5	164.1 335.1 48,591.0 43,229.5 -8,290.7 -8,321.4 -8,459.3 -7,113.9 -16,750.0 -15,435.3 31,841.0 27,794.2 -0.9 -2,614.8 -6,669.6 -4,978.8 25,170.5 20,200.6



Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

RUB mln	31 December 2020	31 December 2019	% chg.
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	471,793.0	466,098.8	1%
Central counterparty financial assets	4,050,837.6	3,262,670.6	24%
Financial assets ¹	367,299.3	253,538.2	45%
Property and equipment and intangible assets	23,328.5	22,435.6	4%
Goodwill	15,971.4	15,971.4	0%
Other assets ²	3,366.4	7,879.8	-57%
Total Assets	4,932,596.2	4,028,594.4	22%

RUB mln	31 December 2020	31 December 2019	% chg.
Liabilities:			
Balances of market participants	716,893.1	565,922.6	27%
Overnight bank loans	0.0	49,229.1	-100%
Derivative financial liabilities	139.6	32.8	326%
Central counterparty financial liabilities	4,050,837.6	3,262,670.6	24%
Distributions payable to holders of securities	15,689.2	11,714.1	34%
Other liabilities ³	9,747.0	7,167.0	36%
Total Liabilities	4,793,306.5	3,896,742.0	23%
Total Equity	139,289.7	131,852.4	6%
Total Liabilities and Equity	4,932,596.2	4,028,594.4	22%



Source: Moscow Exchange, Consolidated Financial Statements

¹ Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, Due from financial institutions, Investments available-for-sale, Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, Investments in associates

² Current tax prepayments, Deferred tax asset, Other assets

Margin account, Deferred tax liability, Current tax payables, Other liabilities excluding Derivative financial liabilities

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- -perception of market services offered by the Company and its subsidiaries;
- -volatility (a) of the Russian economy and the securities market and (b) sectors with a high level of competition that the Company and its subsidiaries operate;
- -changes in (a) domestic and international legislation and tax regulation and (b) state policies related to financial markets and securities markets;
- -competition increase from new players on the Russian market;
- -the ability to keep pace with rapid changes in science and technology environment, including the ability to use advanced features that are popular with the Company's and its subsidiaries' customers;
- -the ability to maintain continuity of the process of introduction of new competitive products and services, while keeping the competitiveness;
- -the ability to attract new customers on the domestic market and in foreign jurisdictions;
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